

EN7000 User Guide

Welding control for 50/60 Hz spot, projection, roll-spot, seam and multi-welding applications.

For firmware versions 1.18 and 2.18

Document change record

Issue	Date	Comment			
1.00	27/02/17	Added parameter descriptions and % conduction parameter.			
1.02	23/05/17	Increased weld programs from 128 to 256. New options for SCR select and CT calibration. New options for valves. New tutorial (resetting faults). Issue number corresponds to EN7000 firmware.			
1.04	26/09/17	Updated issue number.			
1.05	30/11/17	Added seam welding features.			
1.07	09/04/18	Models 5 and 6 discontinued. Seam welding features added to Models 3 and 4.			
1.08	12/09/18	Added note to reset stepper/counter inputs. Updated status codes.			
1.09	15/01/19	Revised description of force control.			
1.10	12/02/19	Data log contains 6000 records			
1.11	27/02/19	Models 1 and 2 discontinued. Model 3 is referred to as EN7000 and model 4 as EN7000-TS. EN7000 and EN7000-TS can emulate the functionality of Models 1 and 2.			
1.12	30/7/19	Toroid test added. Corrections to Modbus I/O and Status codes.			
1.13	29/8/19	Added Presqueeze to all modes and Air/Oil tutorial. Added C-Monitor.			
1.14	16/12/19	New format. Includes EN7000v2. Added Analog control. New seam sequence.			
1.15	11/03/20	Added Toroid factor parameter. Added Retry feature.			
1.16	20/7/20	Added 0V setting to CCR calibration for analog mode			
1.18	14/9/20	Changed description of 2 nd -stage Once/Every configuration parameter			

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READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING THE EN7000

WARNING

DO NOT DISASSEMBLE, REPAIR, OR MODIFY THE EN7000. These actions can cause electric shock and fire.

- Use only as described in this manual. Use only ENTRON recommended accessories and replacement parts.
- Stop operation if any problems occur. If the equipment is not working as it should, has been dropped, damaged, left outdoors, or been in contact with water, contact ENTRON.
- Only apply the specified power. Application of a voltage or current beyond the specified range can cause electric shock or fire.
- Do not use damaged plugs or connecting cables.
- Keep water and water containers away from the EN7000. Water ingress can cause a short circuit, electric shock, or fire.
- Do not insert objects into openings. Do not use with any opening blocked; keep free of dust and debris.
- Do not install the EN7000 in any of the following environments
 - o damp environments where humidity is 90% or higher.
 - o dusty environments.
 - o environments where chemicals are handled.
 - o environments near a high-frequency noise source.
 - hot or cold environments where temperatures are above 40°C or below 0°C, or environments where water will condense.

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1. Introduction

The EN7000 is a Single-phase AC and 3-phase DC constant current and proportional force controller for 50/60 Hz spot, projection and seam welding applications.

The controller is available in two formats:

- EN7000: welding control with pre-heat, main heat and post-heat intervals, force profile, multi-gun, multi-air valve, multi electrode manager and expansion port. Gear-plate (flat plate) mounted.
- EN7000-TS: as EN7000, plus built-in touch screen display. Front panel mounted.





Multiple communication and control options are supported by a number of programming methods. The Ethernet port supports simultaneous programming and control connection via a single physical cable. EN7000v2 and EN7000v2-TS include integrated EtherNet/IP. For EN7000 and EN7000-TS, EtherNet/IP can be provided via an optional plug-in adapter board.

Short-circuit proof outputs and a guided-contact pilot relay provides enhanced safety. Connection to the power system is via a single ribbon cable. Analog inputs and outputs can be used to drive a proportional air regulator valve for force control.

Operation in Standard mode provides a basic set of features for simple applications. Extended mode adds advanced features for more demanding applications. Choose between Standard or Extended features (See **Configuration section**). EN7000 must be restarted after changing this setting.

Model	Part number	
EN7000	01-07-03	
EN7000-TS	01-07-04	
EN7000v2	01-27-03	
EN7000v2-TS	01-27-04	

1.1. Part numbers

1.2. Features

	Мс	odel
	EN7000	en7000-ts
NetFlash	\checkmark	✓
programming		
WSP3 programming	\checkmark	\checkmark
Built-in programmer ¹		\checkmark
Panel mounting		\checkmark
Gear-plate mounting	\checkmark	
Ethernet ²	\checkmark	\checkmark
EtherNet/IP ³	\checkmark	\checkmark
RS232	\checkmark	\checkmark
RS485	\checkmark	\checkmark
MODBUS TCP/IP	\checkmark	\checkmark
MODBUS RTU	\checkmark	\checkmark
Analogue inputs ⁴	1	1
Analogue outputs ⁴	1	1
Discrete inputs	16	16
Discrete outputs ⁵	16	16
Weld programmes	256	256
Pre-heat	\checkmark	\checkmark
Main heat	\checkmark	\checkmark
Post-heat ⁶	\checkmark	\checkmark
Slope	\checkmark	\checkmark
Constant current	\checkmark	\checkmark
Power factor adjust	\checkmark	\checkmark
Cascade/Mux ⁶	8	8
Multi air valve ^{6,7}	8	8
Aux valves	7	7
Force profile ⁶	\checkmark	✓
Electrodes/SCRs ⁶	8	8
Real-time clock	\checkmark	✓
Data log (spot welds)	6000	6000
Expansion slot	\checkmark	\checkmark
Analog control 6	✓	✓

¹ Colour touch-screen display

² Two simultaneous connections

³ Standard on v2 models, otherwise requires plug-in adapter board.

⁴ 0 to 10 V

⁵ 24 V dc, short-circuit proof, monitored

⁶ Extended feature

⁷ Guided contact safety relay, monitored



The symbol **Extended** is used throughout this manual to indicate that the feature is available when the configuration parameter *Features* is set to *extended*.

1.3. Weld schedule parameters

	EN7000/EN7000-TS
Presqueeze	√
Squeeze	✓
Pre-heat	\checkmark
Cool1	\checkmark
Upslope	✓
Main heat	\checkmark
Cool2	\checkmark
Downslope	\checkmark
Pulses	✓
Post-heat ¹	✓
Hold	✓
Off	✓
WAV selection ¹	✓
Aux valve control	✓
Retract/Hi-lift	✓
Electrode selection ¹	✓
Force profile ¹	✓
SCR selection ¹	✓
Current monitor	✓
Retry 1	✓
Conduction monitor ¹	√
Force monitor	√
Spot weld	✓
Roll-spot weld ¹	√
Seam weld ¹	√

¹ Extended feature



The **extended features** option can be enabled for greater flexibility or more demanding applications.

1.4. Programming options

1.4.1. NetFlash

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This PC-compatible program displays and allows editing of all welding parameters and status information.

In addition to programming, NetFlash provides backup/restore functions for control data, live data logging to a file and a utility for updating the firmware in the EN7000.

1.4.2. WSP3 Pendant



EN7000s work with the same WSP3 pendant that is used with iPAK, iPAK2 and WS2003. Access to all parameters is provided, plus diagnostic indication.

1.4.3. Built-in touch screen

Main	menu	ĥ
Use program 0	Discrete I/O	^
Program	Bus I/O	-
Electrode	Analog I/O	
History log	System	

EN7000-TS has a touch screen panel which provides easy access to all parameters and indications.

1.4.4. EtherNet/IP



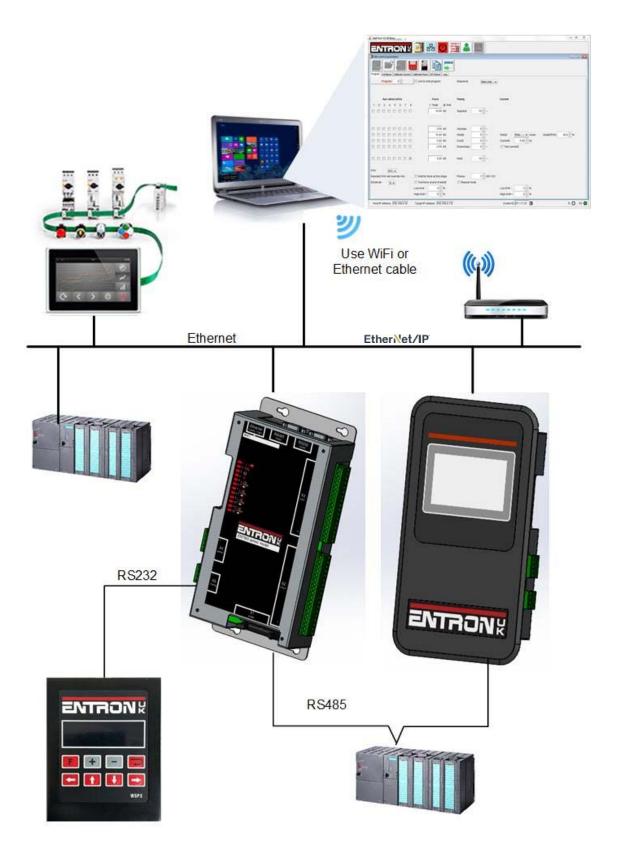
On v2 models, EtherNet/IP is integrated as standard. On other models, an optional adapter card can be fitted to the expansion port, providing full data access via the EtherNet/IP protocol.

1.4.5. Modbus



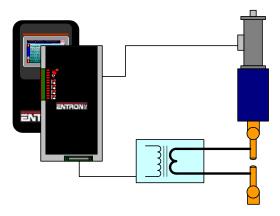
A PLC or HMI MODBUS master can be used to program, control and monitor EN7000s. All parameters are directly mapped to MODBUS registers for easy access. Both MODBUS-TCP/IP (Ethernet) and MODBUS-RTU (RS485) protocols are supported.

1.5. Communications

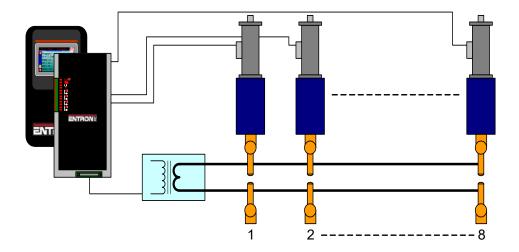


1.6. Applications

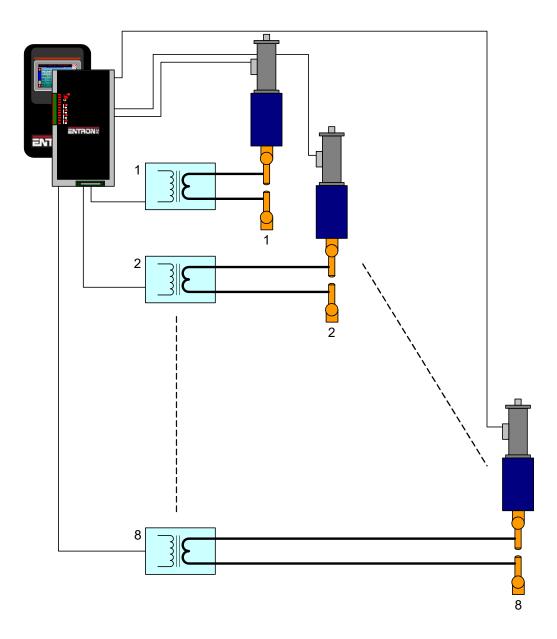
Standard machines, portable/manual guns, robot guns, multi-welders and seam welders.



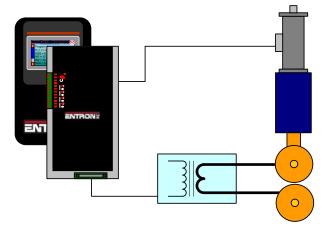
Standard machine.



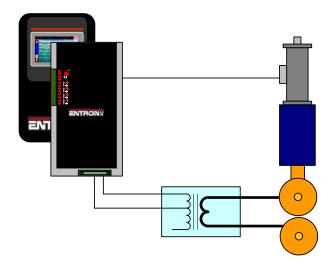
Multi-head machine. Up to eight cylinders. Cascade or independent firing.



Multi-welder. Up to 8 transformers and cylinders. Cascade or independent firing.



Seam welder with one transformer.



Seam welder with a multi-tap transformer.

2. Weld Control

EN7000 controls the weld sequence by using the I/O in conjunction with the welding parameters. The parameters are stored in programs so that different materials and machine sequences can be used. There are 256 weld programs.

2.1. Sequence timing

Parameter	Units	Range	Description
Presqueeze	cycles	0 - 99	The time for the electrodes to close onto the work piece.
Squeeze	cycles	0 - 99	The time between the initial application of the electrode force and the first application of welding current
Pre-heat ¹	cycles	0 - 99	The pre-heat welding current is applied
Cool11	cycles	0 - 99	The material is allowed to cool with electrode force applied
Upslope	cycles	0 - 99	Welding current is increased during this time
Main heat	cycles	0 - 99	The main welding current is applied
Cool2 ²	cycles	0 - 99	The material is allowed to cool with electrode force applied
Downslope	cycles	0 - 99	Welding current is decreased during this time
Post-heat ³	cycles	0 - 99	The post-heat welding current is applied
Hold	cycles	0 - 99	Electrode force continues after the welding current has finished
Off ⁴	cycles	0 - 99	Electrode force is released until the next sequence begins

¹ Pre-heat program option must be enabled to use this feature

² Pulsations program option must be greater than 1 to use this feature

³ Post-heat program option must be enabled to use this extended feature

⁴ Repeat mode or Roll-spot program option must be enabled to use this feature



Upslope can be used on hard, irregular shaped, oxidized and aluminium materials Downslope can be used to reduce marking and embrittlement

Downslope can be used to reduce marking and embrittlement Pre-heat and Post-heat can be used on hard or heat resistant metals

2.2. Program options

Each weld program has a number of optional features.

Parameter	Range	Description
Pre-heat on/off		Enables or disables the Pre-heat parameters
Post-heat ²	on/off	Enables or disables the Post-heat parameters
Pulsations	1 - 99	The number of times the Main heat – Cool2 interval is repeated
Link ²	on/off	The next welding program will be started automatically if the input signals are maintained
Repeat	on/off	The welding program will be repeated if the input signals are maintained
Force profile on/off		Use multiple force values during the weld
Inhibit ¹ on/off		An inhibited program will not run
Retry ²	On/off	Weld schedule will re-run if low main current detected – spot weld only.
C-Monitor shunt ²	on/off	The measured conduction will be checked against the C-Monitor shunt limit
C-Monitor wear ²	on/off	The measured conduction will be checked against the C-Monitor wear limit

¹ If an inhibited program is not linked then attempting to run it will produce an error message. If the program is linked, then the program will be skipped and the next linked program will run. This feature may be used to temporarily disable a program in a cascade.

² Extended mode must be set in *Configuration* to use this feature



Pulsations can be used to temper the material, control nugget growth and reduce electrode wear. The START signal must be maintained for the full duration of the sequence if pulsations are set to 10 or more, otherwise the sequence will terminate after 10 pulses.

2.3. Current control

The weld programs contain the following current control parameters.

Parameter	Units	Range	Description
Pre-mode ¹		PHA/CCR	Operating mode of the Pre-heat interval
Pre-heat ¹	%	0.0 – 99.9	The % heat used during the Pre-heat interval in PHA
			mode
Pre-current ¹	kA	0 – 500	The current used during the Pre-heat interval in CCR
			mode. Set point for monitoring.
Main mode		PHA/CCR	Operating mode of the Main heat interval
Main heat	%	0.0 – 99.9	The % heat used during the Main heat interval in PHA
			mode
Main current	kA	0 – 500	The current used during the Main heat interval in CCR
			mode. Set point for monitoring.
Post mode ²		PHA/CCR	Operating mode of the Post-heat interval
Post heat ²	%	0.0 – 99.9	The % heat used during the Post-heat interval in PHA
			mode
Post current ²	kA	0 – 500	The current used during the Post-heat interval in CCR
			mode. Set point for monitoring.
Test current		on/off	Each current can be tested between limits
High limit	%	0 - 99	Current high limit
Low limit	%	0 - 99	Current low limit
3-Phase trim ³	%	+/- 99	Balances the current in each phase

¹ Pre-heat program option must be enabled to use this feature

² Post-heat program option must be enabled to use this extended feature.

³ 3-phase configuration must be selected to use this feature

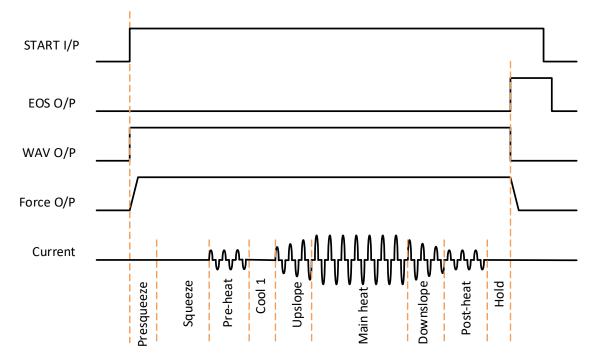
PHA (Phase Angle) mode. The current and heat parameters are independently adjustable. No current regulation takes place.

CCR (Constant Current) mode. The current parameter is adjustable but the heat is automatically determined by the EN7000 to regulate the current.

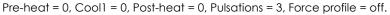
2.4. Timing diagrams

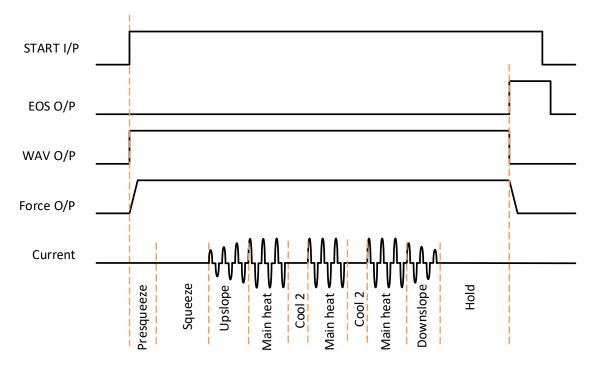
2.4.1. Spot weld

Pre-heat = 0, Cool1 = 0, Upslope = 0, Downslope = 0, Post-heat = 0, Pulsations = 1, Force profile = Off.



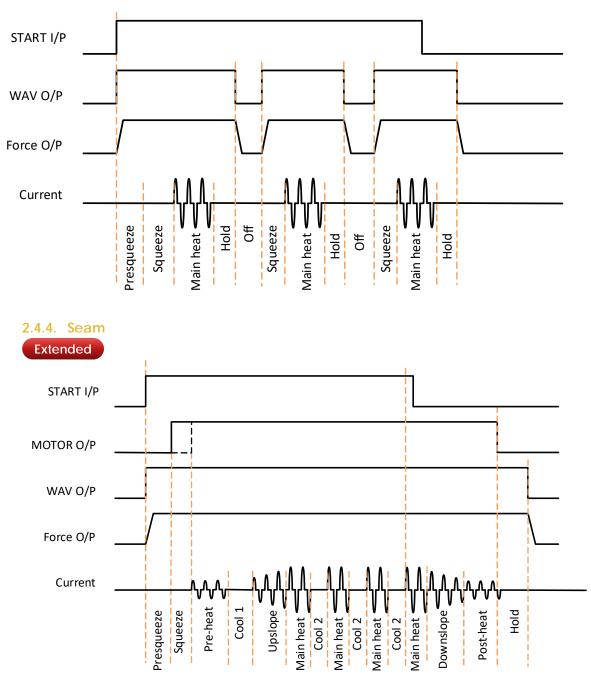
2.4.2. Spot pulsation





2.4.3. Spot repeat

Pre-heat = 0, Cool1 = 0, Upslope = 0, Downslope = 0, Post-heat = 0, Pulsations = 1, Force profile = Off.



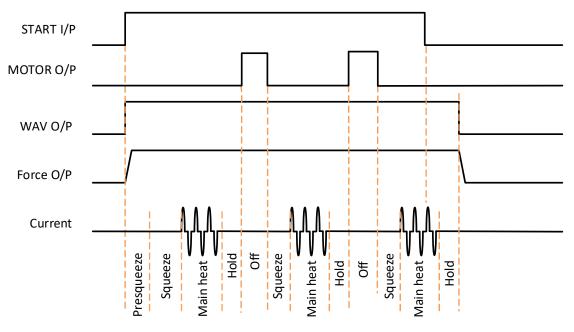
The position of rising edge of the MOTOR output depends on the selection of the *Second Stage* configuration parameter.

Continuous seam operation is obtained when Cool 2 = 0.

A spot weld (in Seam mode) can be produced by using the pre-heat with Main heat = 0.

2.4.5. Roll-spot Extended

Pre-heat = 0, Cool1 = 0, Upslope = 0, Downslope = 0, Post-heat = 0, Pulsations = 1, Force profile = off.



To use Roll-Spot, set *Seam* welding in *configuration*, then select the *Roll-Spot* option in the *weld program*.

2.4.6. Second stage

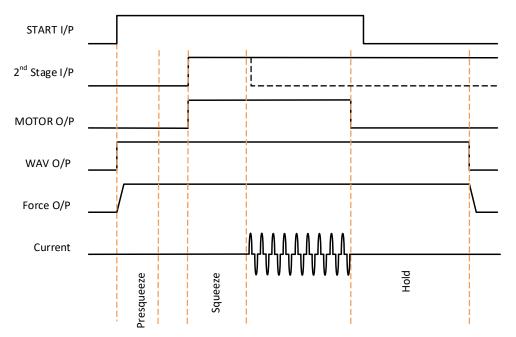
The second stage configuration parameter allows the user to select where in the sequence the second-stage test is to be performed.

Second Stage = Off

The input is not used. The MOTOR output will not be driven.

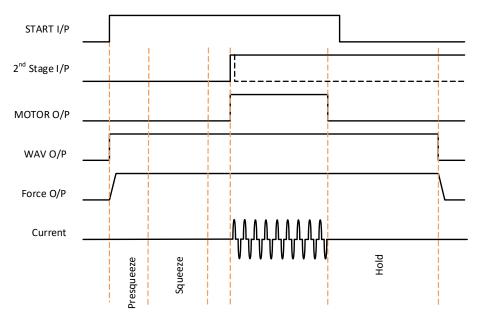
Second Stage = Before Squeeze

The input is checked before the squeeze time runs.



Second Stage = After Squeeze

The input is checked after the squeeze time runs.



2.4.7. Retract

The Retract function allows the welding head to open in two stages.

- The fully open position allows the work piece to be positioned between the electrodes.
- The middle position allows the electrodes to close onto the work piece in order to weld.

EN7000 has four Retract modes that can be used depending on the application. The mode is selected in the Configuration settings. Use the *Simple* setting if no Retract function is required.

Simple

When the Retract Input is switched off, the Retract Air Valve switches off and the electrodes close to the mid position. Welding can proceed in this case.

When the Retract Input is switched on, the Retract Air Valve switches on and the electrodes open fully. Welding cannot proceed in this case.

Retract input	
HAV output	
Start input	
WAV output	

Hi-lift+

A pulse on the Retract Input causes the High Lift Air Valve to switch on and close the electrodes to the mid position. Welding can proceed in this case.

Whilst the High Lift Air Valve is on, a pulse on the Retract Input causes the valve to switch off and the electrodes go to the fully open position. Welding cannot proceed in this case.

Retract input	
HAV output	
_Start input	
WAV output	

Hi-lift-

A pulse on the Retract Input causes the High Lift Air Valve to switch off and close the electrodes to the mid position. Welding can proceed in this case.

Whilst the High Lift Air Valve is off, a pulse on the Retract Input causes the valve to switch on and the electrodes go to the fully open position. Welding cannot proceed in this case.

Retract input		
HAV output		
Start input		
WAV output		

Maintained

When the Retract Input is switched on, the High Lift Air Valve switches on and the electrodes close to the mid position. Welding can proceed in this case.

When the Retract Input is switched off, the High Lift Air Valve switches off and the electrodes open fully. Welding cannot proceed in this case.

Retract input		
HAV output		
Start input		
WAV output		

2.5. Force control

The weld programs contain the following force control parameters.

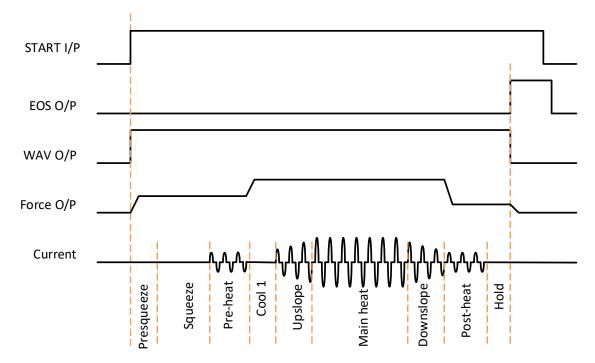
Parameter	Units	Range	Description
Squeeze ¹	kN/lbf	variable	Force used from the start of the Squeeze interval
Pre-heat ¹	kN/lbf	variable	Force used from the start the Pre-heat interval
Cool11	kN/lbf	variable	Force used from the start the Cool1 interval
Upslope ¹	kN/lbf	variable	Force used from the start the Upslope interval
Main heat	kN/lbf	variable	Force used from the start of the Main heat interval
Cool2	kN/lbf	variable	Force used from the start of the Cool2 interval
Downslope ¹	kN/lbf	variable	Force used from the start of the Downslope interval
Post-heat ¹	kN/lbf	variable	Force used from the start the Post-heat interval
Hold ¹	kN/lbf	variable	Force used from the start the Hold interval
Wait for force ²		on/off	Wait until the applied force has been reached
Test force		on/off	Test the applied force at the end of the Main interval
High limit	%	0 - 99	Force high limit
Low limit	%	0 - 99	Force low limit

¹ Force profile program option must be enabled to use this extended feature. If the force profile option is disabled the Main heat force is used for the duration of the weld.

² Occurs at the same time as 2nd stage. If Wait for force is required without 2nd stage, select 2nd stage Before or After Squeeze (See Configuration section) and permanently assert the 2nd stage input.

The Force profile option allows users to dynamically change the force to a different setting for each interval in the weld sequence.

e.g. spot weld with force profile active:



2.6. Valve control

EN7000 has eight discrete outputs (AV1 – AV8) that can be operated independently during a weld sequence. The valves are categorised as WAV, MOTOR¹ or AUX valves.

- A WAV valve turns on at start of sequence and turns off at the end of the Hold interval.
- A MOTOR valve turns on after the 2nd stage test (see Configuration section), and turns off at the start of the Hold interval.
- An AUX valve may be programmed to come on during any interval of the weld sequence, including the Off time in repeat or roll-spot mode.

EN7000 features parameter	Configuration	WAV function	MOTOR function	Description
Standard	All	AV1	n/a	AV1 is automatically selected
	Single electrode	AV1	n/a	AV1 is automatically selected
Extended (spot)	Multi-electrode	AV1 – AV8	n/a	Any combination of AV1 to AV8 may be selected
Extended	Single electrode	AV1	AV2	AV1 and AV2 are automatically selected
(seam)	Multi-electrode	AV1 – AV8	AV1 – AV8	Any combination of AV1 to AV8 may be selected

Valves not being used for the WAV or MOTOR function may be used as AUX valves. WAV/MOTOR settings always override any corresponding AUX settings.

The weld programs contain the following valve control parameters.

Parameter	Units	Range	Description
WAV		AV1 – AV8	WAV output
Motor ¹		AV1 – AV8	Motor output
Squeeze	AV1 – AV8	on/off	Valve states during the Squeeze interval
Pre-heat	AV1 – AV8	on/off	Valve states during the Pre-heat interval
Cool1	AV1 – AV8	on/off	Valve states during the Cool1 interval
Upslope	AV1 – AV8	on/off	Valve states during the Upslope interval
Main heat	AV1 – AV8	on/off	Valve states during the Main heat interval
Cool2	AV1 – AV8	on/off	Valve states during the Cool2 interval
Downslope	AV1 – AV8	on/off	Valve states during the Downslope interval
Post-heat	AV1 – AV8	on/off	Valve states during the Post-heat interval
Hold	AV1 – AV8	on/off	Valve states during the Hold interval
Off ²	AV1 – AV8	on/off	Valve states during the Off interval

¹Seam mode only.

² Repeat mode or Roll-Spot program option must be enabled to use this feature.

2.7. Multi-Electrode operation

Extended

Each welding program can be assigned an electrode:

Parameter	Units	Range	Description
Electrode		0 - 7	The electrode number

When a program is run, the EN7000 will automatically trigger the correct transformer by referencing the electrode/transformer assignment. In addition, the electrode number is also used to access the appropriate stepper, counter and calibration information

2.8. Program selection

There are options for setting the way in which weld programs can be selected.

2.8.1. Internal program selection.

If the '*Program select*' configuration parameter is set to '*Internal*', then the program to be used is taken from the '*Use program*' configuration parameter. This can be set by programming, either manually or via a communications interface.

2.8.2. External program selection

If the '*Program select*' configuration parameter is set to '*External*', then the program to be used is read from the interface set in the '*I/O source*' configuration parameter. Note that the Discrete interface can only select programs 0 to 127. The Bus interfaces can select programs 0 to 255.

2.8.3. Program selection for Spot welding

The program select inputs are scanned at the same time as the START signal. The inputs be changed after the program begins without affecting the weld in progress.

2.8.4. Program selecting for seam welding

Extended

The program select inputs are scanned at the same time as the START signal. The inputs may be changed during welding and the control will switch to the newly selected program.

2.9. Analog control Extended

If the 'Analog control' configuration parameter is set to 'ON', then the output current can be controlled by applying a 0 to 10 Volt signal to P4 pins 3(+) and 1(-). The program will track the analog input, allowing the user to create custom current profiles.

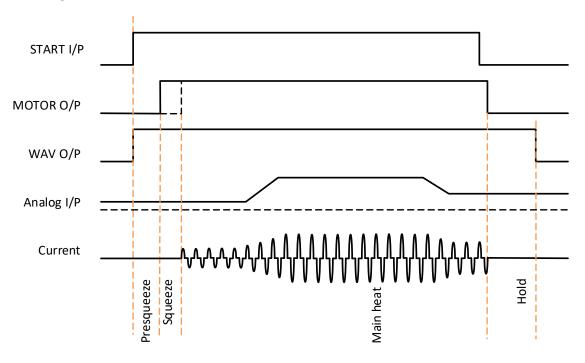
Note:

- Pre-heat and post-heat are not available
- Force feedback is not available

The input signal will control a different parameter depending on the mode set in the selected weld program:

Main mode	0 to 10 V input signal controls
PHA	0 to 100% heat
CCR	current*

*For CCR operation, the values defining the current corresponding to a given input voltage must be set in each calibration file.



e.g. seam weld, Cool2 =0:

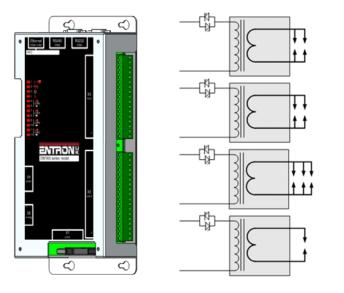
3. Multi-weld operation

Extended

There are two methods available for multi-welding:

- Multi-Electrode operation allows each welding program to be triggered independently but allows for selection of a transformer and electrode.
- Cascade operation allows welding programs to be linked together and triggered from a single start command. The programs then ripple through with minimal time between them, selecting transformers and electrodes on the fly. The linked programs are known as a cascade.

Up to four transformers/SCRs to be directly connected or up to eight when used with a decoder.



Up to 8 electrodes can be assigned to the welding transformers

The electrode number is assigned in the weld program:

Weld program	Units	Range	Description
parameter			
Electrode		0 - 7	The electrode number

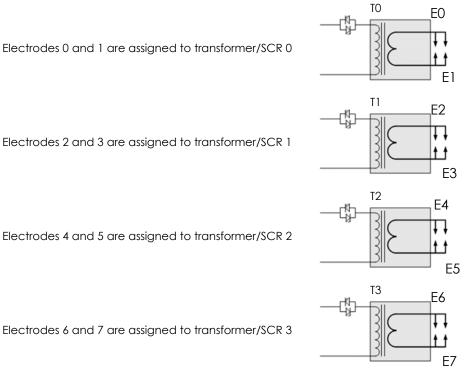
Each electrode is assigned to a transformer:

Electrode parameter	Units	Range	Description
SCR/Transformer		0 - 7	The transformer or SCR that the electrode is connected to

The weld programs may be linked together to create cascade sequences of programs, each using a different SCR/Transformer/Electrode combination.

Weld program parameter	Units	Range	Description
Linked		0 - 255	The next program in the cascade sequence
program			
Link		Off/On	

Example: the diagram below shows how the electrodes can be assigned to transformers/SCRs

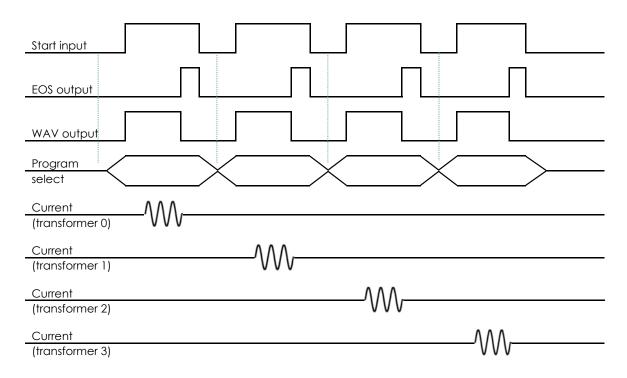


Electrodes 4 and 5 are assigned to transformer/SCR 2

Electrodes 6 and 7 are assigned to transformer/SCR 3

3.1. Multi-Electrode operation

Each welding program is started independently but different electrodes and transformers can be selected.



The WAV signal can use a different output for each program

3.2. Cascade operation

Different electrodes and transformers can still be selected but the welding programs are linked together and started by a single Start command. Cancelling the Start command at any time will abort the cascade sequence.

Start input					
EOS output					
WAV output					
Program select	First program #				
Current (transformer 0)					
Current					
(transformer 1)		VVV			
Current			^		
(transformer 2) Current			vvv	٨٨٨	
(transformer 3)				V V V	

In cascade operation, the program select inputs determine the first program in the cascade. The Link program parameter specifies the next program in the cascade. The cascade ends when a program runs with its Link option set to Off.

If a fault occurs during a cascade sequence:

Configuration parameter ' <i>Stop on fault'</i>	Description
Off	Cascade will continue. Fault output will remain on only until next weld.
On	Cascade will pause. Cascade will continue when the fault is reset.

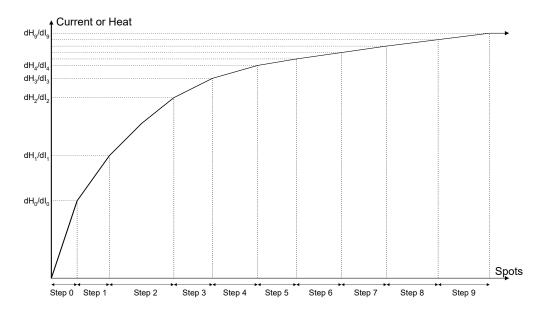
4. Electrode management

Electrode management is provided via a combination of stepper, counter and calibration functions. The stepper provides a means of gradually increasing the current to compensate for electrode wear. The counter counts the number of welds that the electrode has done and allows the electrode to be dressed a number of times before it is replaced.

If configured for extended features, eight steppers and counters can be assigned to up to eight transformers or SCRs. When a program is run, the EN7000 will automatically trigger the correct transformer by referencing the electrode/transformer assignment. In addition, the electrode number is also used to access the appropriate stepper, counter and calibration information.

4.1. Steppers

A stepper is programmed by means of a curve which will provide values of heat and current increments related to the number of spots done. The curve is defined by a set of 10 points.



Parameter	Units	Range	Description
Step		0 - 9	The step number
Spots	welds	0 - 9999	The number of welds in the step
+Heat	%	0.0 - 50.0	The increase in heat during the step
+Current	%	0.0 - 50.0	The increase in current during the step
Preset		1 - 5	Apply predefined values to the stepper curve
Enable stepper		on/off	Enables or disables the stepper
Stop at end		on/off	EN7000 can inhibit welding at the end of the last step
Spots done	welds	0 - 99999	The number of welds that have been done since the last reset

PHA mode will make use of both the +Heat and +Current parameters. CC mode uses only the +Current parameters.

The Stepper output is active at the end of the last step. The Prewarn output is active during the last step.

To get started enter the values for Step 9 then select a Preset to load the intermediate values

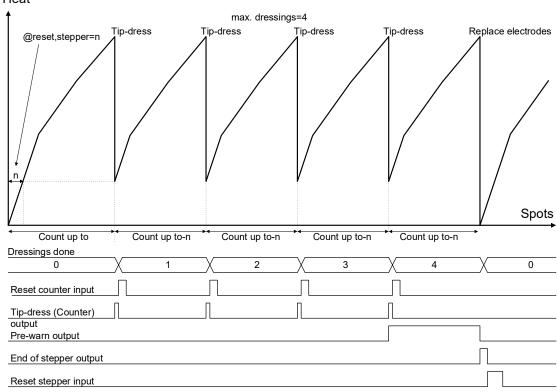
4.2. Counters

A counter is programmed by entering values related to the electrode maintenance and lifetime.

Parameter	Units	Range	Description
Enable counter		on/off	Enables or disables the counter
Count	welds	0 - 9999	The number of welds that have been done since the last reset
End count	welds	0 - 99999	The maximum number of welds that can be done
Stop at end		on/off	EN7000 can inhibit welding until the counter is reset
Enable tip dress		on/off	Enables or disables the tip dressing feature
Dressings done		0 - 9999	The number of times the electrodes have been dressed
Max dressings		0 - 9999	The maximum number of times the electrodes can be dressed
Reset to	welds	0 - 9999	The weld count following a tip dress operation

If tip dressing is enabled EN7000 will activate the Tip Dress Request output when the Count value is reached.





4.3. Current calibration

The welding current can be measured by a Current Transformer (CT) or by a coil (toroid) on the primary or secondary circuit. If the sensor is measuring the primary current EN7000 can display secondary current when the relationship between primary and secondary current has been calibrated.

Parameter	Units	Range	Description
Power factor	Cos (Φ)	0 - 0.86	The power factor of the welding transformer ¹
Toroid	mV/kA	100 - 60000	The sensitivity of the toroid
Toroid factor		1 - 10	The ratio of the external attenuator (1 if no attenuator fitted)
CT	mV/kA	100 - 60000	The sensitivity of the CT
Point 1 (primary)	kA	0 - 32.0	The measured value of primary current at a low heat (Ip1)
Point 1 (secondary)	kA	0 - 500.0	The measured value of secondary current at a low heat (Is1)
Point 2 (primary)	kA	0 - 32.0	The measured value of primary current at a high heat (Ip2)
Point 2 (secondary)	kA	0 - 500.0	The measured value of secondary current at a high heat (Is2)
Apply conversion		off/points/ratio	Use the conversion to display secondary current (CT only)
Turns ratio		1 - 999	The turns ratio of the welding transformer (CT only)
CCR gain ²		1 - 10	The CCR gain. Set to 5 as a starting point
CCR 0V=3	kA	0 – 500.0	Scales the analog control input for CCR operation
CCR 10V=3	kA	0 – 500.0	Scales the analog control input for CCR operation

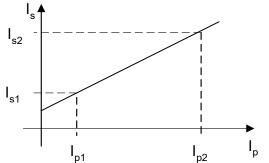
¹See Tutorials: Setting the power factor.

²Seam mode only.

³ Analog control mode only.

If using a CT the turns ratio of the transformer can be used to scale the current. Alternatively, the scaling can be determined by measuring the values of primary and secondary current at two different heat levels.

- Produce a short circuit weld at a low heat in PHA mode and measure the primary current (Ip1) and secondary current (Is1) using an external weld current meter.
- Repeat the short circuit weld at a higher heat and measure the primary current (Ip2) and secondary current (Is2) using an external weld current meter.



Enter the measured values into the Point 1/Point 2 parameters. Select the appropriate conversion method.

The current can be independently calibrated for each electrode.

Calibration is not required if a toroid is being used for secondary feedback. In this situation only the toroid sensitivity is required.

If using *analog control mode*, set the calibration parameters and use PHA mode to verify that the control is measuring current correctly. Establish the current range of the machine by varying the heat parameter. Once the range is known, set the values for the *CCR 0V*= and *CCR 10V*= parameters before using CCR mode. You do not have to use the full current range of the machine; If required, use values which restrict the current to an operational band.

4.4. Force calibration

The analog input and analog output can be used for force control in terms of kN or lbf when they have been calibrated.

Parameter	Units	Range	Description
OUT Point 1	m٧	0 - 10000	Analog output (point 1)
OUT Point 1	kN/lbf		Measured output force (point 1)
OUT Point 2	m٧	0 - 10000	Analog output (point 2)
OUT Point 2	kN/lbf		Measured output force (point 2)
IN Point 1	m٧	0 - 10000	Analog input (point 1)
IN Point 1	kN/lbf		Measured input force (point 1)
IN Point 2	m٧	0 - 10000	Analog input (point 2)
IN Point 2	kN/lbf		Measured input force (point 2)

The relationship between the analog input and output and the electrode force can be determined by measuring the values at two points. The values define a linear relationship between mV and kN/lbf.

The force can be independently calibrated for each electrode.

5. Input/Output (I/O)

Inputs and output signals which are used to operate the control can be taken from a number of sources:

- Discrete connections
- Modbus messages
- EtherNet/IP

The *I/O Source* configuration parameter selects which interface is active.

Input	AWS designation	Description
Start	FS1	When this input is activated a weld sequence begins. If the input is removed
		during the Squeeze interval the sequence is aborted. If the input is maintained
		through the Squeeze interval but switche off subsequently, the sequence terminat normally.
Weld on ¹	NW1	This input enables the weld current. If this input is inactive a weld sequence will no produce any current.
Stop 1	ES1	Sequencing is inhibited or aborted if this input is not active.
Thermal ²	TTI	This input is usually connected to a normally closed thermal contact attach to the weld transformer. Sequencing is inhibited if this input is not active.
2 nd stage	PS1	If enabled, EN7000 checks that the 2nd Stage signal is present before proceedin to weld. The checking is programmable take place either before or after the Squeeze interval. If the signal is not prese EN7000 waits for the signal before it proceeds. If the Start signal is removed while waiting, the sequence is aborted.
Retract	RT1	This input is used to control the Retract function.
Reset fault	FR1	This input resets the Fault output and clea the status messages. Only momentary application is required (minimum time 40ms).
Reset counter / tip dress acknowledge ³		Used to reset the counter(s) or acknowledge a tip dress request.
Reset stepper ⁴	SR1	Used to reset the stepper(s).
P1	BP1	Program select inputs. Weld program
P2	BP2	selection is made by applying the binary
P4	BP4	code for the required program. Program
P8	BP8	to 127 can be selected via the discrete
P16	BP16	interface. Programs 0 to 255 can be
P32	BP32	selected internally, via Modbus or via
P64 / Edit enable 5	BP64	EtherNet/IP.
P128	BP128	If the 'key-switch' security option is selected, then input P64 (on the discrete interface only) is not available. In this ca programs 0 to 63 can be selected (programs 64 to 255 can still be selected internally or via the fieldbus).

¹ The discrete connection for this input is always required, even when the I/O source is Modbus or EtherNet/IP.

² The signal from the discrete interface is always used, even when the I/O source is Modbus or EtherNet/IP where there is no equivalent signal.

³ Momentary operation will reset all expired counters. If maintained for more than 5 seconds all counters will be reset, regardless of status.

⁴ Momentary operation will reset all expired steppers. If maintained for more than 5 seconds all steppers will be reset, regardless of status.

⁵ The Edit enable function is only available on the Discrete interface. This bit is always P128 on other interfaces.

Output	AWS	Description
	designation	
EOS	EH1	This output switches on to indicate the end of the weld
		sequence.
HAV	RV1	Used in conjunction with the Retract input to control
		the welding head.
Fault	FT1	This output indicates a fault condition.
Ready		This output is active if EN7000 is ready to weld. The
		output switches off under some fault conditions.
Contactor	MC1	This output can be used to control an isolation
		contactor.
Counter /		This output indicates that the counter has reached its
tip dress request		limit or that a tip dressing operation is required.
Stepper		This output indicates that the stepper has reached its
		limit.
Pre-warn		This output indicates that the stepper is close to its limit.
AV8		Additional outputs that can be used during the weld
AV7		sequence to control valves etc.
AV6		
AV5		
AV4		
AV3		
AV2		
AV1		

5.2. Outputs

5.3. Softstart

Some configurations offer a *Softstart* feature. This works by sending a software command to start a weld program. Be aware that if the hardware *START* input is not closed, then AV1-8 cannot operate and hence anything connected to these outputs will not work.

5.4. Analog signals

Signal	X4 pin
CT	1
CT	2
Toroid	3
Toroid	4
Ground (screen)	5

Signal	X5 pin
OV	1
Analog Output (010V)	2
Analog Input (010V)	3
Ground (screen)	4

5.4.1. CT

Spot or Seam welds. A CT (current transformer) is used to measure the current (normally on the primary side of the power transformer). Sensitivity may be set in current calibration. A conversion factor may also be applied such that the equivalent secondary current can be indicated (see Current calibration section).



The CT <u>MUST</u> have a suitable external Burden resistor. Failure to fit this may result in damage to the control.

5.4.2. Toroid

Spot welds only. A toroid (Rogowski coil) may be used for measuring the current (normally on the secondary side of the power transformer). Sensitivity may be set in current calibration (see Current calibration section).

If the *Toroid test* configuration parameter is set to *On*, then the resistance must be in the range 10 to 300 Ohms.

5.4.3. Analog input

0 to 10 V analog input.

Analog control Configuration parameter set to *Off*: Used to monitor a proportional air regulator valve output or other sensor for force control and monitoring. Scaling is set in Force calibration.

Analog control Configuration parameter set to *On*: Used as the current control input (see configuration section).

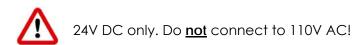
5.4.4. Analog output

0 to 10 V analog output.

Analog Out Configuration parameter set to *Force*: Outputs the force control signal to drive a proportional air regulator valve. Scaling is set in Force calibration.

Analog Out Configuration parameter set to *Current*. Outputs a signal representing the measured current. Scaling must be set in the *Waveform 10V=* configuration parameter.

5.5. Discrete interface



5.5.1. Inputs

Current sinking. Connect input to 24V DC to activate.

Input	X3 pin
Start	1
Weld on	2
Stop	3
Thermal	4
2 nd stage	5
Retract	6
Reset fault	7
Reset counter /	8
tip dress acknowledge	
Reset stepper	9
P1	10
P2	11
P4	12
P8	13
P16	14
P32	15
P64 / Edit enable	16
24 VDC output	17

5.5.2. Outputs

Current sourcing. Connect load between output and 0V.

Output	X2 pin
EOS	1
HAV	2
Fault	3
Ready	4
Contactor	5
Counter /	6
tip dress request	
Stepper	7
Pre-warn	8
AV8	9
AV7	10
AV6	11
AV5	12
AV4	13
AV3	14
AV2	15
AV1	16
-	17
OV (SVC)	18

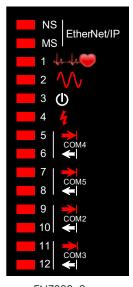
5.6. LED indicators

An array of LEDs, visible on the side of the control indicate activity:

LED	FUNCTION
MS 1	EtherNet/IP module status
NS 1	EtherNet/IP network status
1	Heartbeat (Flashes at 1 Hz)
2	Synchronised to ac mains
	(Flashes at 1Hz)
3	Sequence initiated
4	Weld current
5	Data receive COM0/4
6	Data send COM0/4
7	Data receive COM1/5
8	Data send COM1/5
9	Data receive COM2
10	Data send COM2
11	Data receive COM3
12	Data send COM3

¹ On v2 models only. This same indicator is visible on the adapter board (if fitted) on non-v2 models.





EN7000

EN7000v2

5.6.1. Heartbeat LED (1)

This LED should always be flashing at 1Hz. The duty indicates:

- Long ON, short OFF: The control is in BIOS only mode. Use NetFlash to install an application.
- Short ON, long OFF: The control is running an application.

5.6.2. Synchronized LED (2)

- Flashing at 1 Hz: The control is synchronised to the mains supply.
- Off: The control is not synchronised. Check the setting of the *Frequency* configuration parameter.

5.6.3. Sequence LED (3)

The control has accepted a START signal and is running a weld program

5.6.4. Weld LED (4)

Lights when the control turns on the welding current.

5.6.5. Data Send/Receive LEDs (5...12)

Indicates activity on this COM port.

5.6.6. NS/MS LEDs

See EtherNet/IP section.

6. Modbus

Both MODBUS TCP/IP (Ethernet) and MODBUS RTU (RS485) protocols are supported. Modbus TCP/IP uses port 502.

To have the Modbus connection activate the inputs to the welding control, access the control configuration parameters (using WSP3, touch-screen or NetFlash) and select

I/O SOURCE: COMn

where n = desired port (see table below).

Protocol	Cable connected to	Port
MODBUS-TCP/IP	RJ45 on EN7000 (-TS)	COM1
	RJ45 on EtherNet/IP adapter card	COM5
	RJ45 on EN7000v2 (-TS)	COM5
MODBUS-RTU	DSUB9 (RS485)	COM2

Restart the control.

This setting only affects the inputs and outputs. Parameter access is always available, even if *I/O Source* is set to something other than a Modbus port.

6.1. Access types

Write inputs or parameters using MODBUS function code 16

Read outputs or parameters using MODBUS function code 3

6.2. Inputs to EN7000

Variable	Channel	Address	Туре	Description
	Write inputs	%QW0	WORD	Write multiple registers
			ARRAY	
			[01]	
	Write inputs [0]	%QW0	WORD	WRITE 16#8000 (= 32768)
Start	Bit O	%QX0.0	BOOL	
Weld on	Bit 1	%QX0.1	BOOL	
Stop	Bit 2	%QX0.2	BOOL	
Transformer thermal	Bit 3	%QX0.3	BOOL	
2 nd stage	Bit 4	%QX0.4	BOOL	
Retract	Bit 5	%QX0.5	BOOL	
Reset fault	Bit 6	%QX0.6	BOOL	
Reset counter	Bit 7	%QX0.7	BOOL	
Reset stepper	Bit 8	%QX1.0	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 9	%QX1.1	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 10	%QX1.2	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 11	%QX1.3	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 12	%QX1.4	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 13	%QX1.5	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 14	%QX1.6	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 15	%QX1.7	BOOL	
	Write inputs [1]	%QW2	WORD	WRITE 16#8001 (= 32769)
P1	Bit O	%QX2.0	BOOL	
P2	Bit 1	%QX2.1	BOOL	
P4	Bit 2	%QX2.2	BOOL	
P8	Bit 3	%QX2.3	BOOL	
P16	Bit 4	%QX2.4	BOOL	
P32	Bit 5	%QX2.5	BOOL	
P64	Bit 6	%QX2.6	BOOL	
P128	Bit 7	%QX2.7	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 8	%QX3.0	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 9	%QX3.1	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 10	%QX3.2	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 11	%QX3.3	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 12	%QX3.4	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 13	%QX3.5	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 14	%QX3.6	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 15	%QX3.7	BOOL	

6.3. Outputs from EN7000

Variable	Channel	Address	Туре	Description
	Read outputs	%IW0	WORD	Read holding registers
			ARRAY	
			[023]	
	Read outputs [0]	%IW0	WORD	READ 16#9000 (= 36864)
EOS	Bit O	%IX0.0	BOOL	
HAV	Bit 1	%IX0.1	BOOL	
Fault	Bit 2	%IX0.2	BOOL	
Ready	Bit 3	%IX0.3	BOOL	
Contactor	Bit 4	%IX0.4	BOOL	
Counter	Bit 5	%IX0.5	BOOL	
Stepper	Bit 6	%IX0.6	BOOL	
Pre-warn	Bit 7	%IX0.7	BOOL	
AV8	Bit 8	%IX1.0	BOOL	
AV7	Bit 9	%IX1.1	BOOL	
AV6	Bit 10	%IX1.2	BOOL	
AV5	Bit 11	%IX1.3	BOOL	
AV4	Bit 12	%IX1.4	BOOL	
AV3	Bit 13	%IX1.5	BOOL	
AV2	Bit 14	%IX1.6	BOOL	
AV1	Bit 15	%IX1.7	BOOL	
	Read outputs [1]	%IW2	WORD	READ 16#9001 (= 36865)
Start	Bit O	%IX2.0	BOOL	≘ %QX0.0
Weld on	Bit 1	%IX2.1	BOOL	≘%QX0.1
Stop	Bit 2	%IX2.2	BOOL	≘ %QX0.2
Transformer thermal	Bit 3	%IX2.3	BOOL	≘%QX0.3
2 nd stage	Bit 4	%IX2.4	BOOL	≘ %QX0.4
Retract	Bit 5	%IX2.5	BOOL	≘%QX0.5
Reset fault	Bit 6	%IX2.6	BOOL	≘ %QX0.6
Reset counter	Bit 7	%IX2.7	BOOL	≘ %QX0.7
Reset stepper	Bit 8	%IX3.0	BOOL	≘%QX1.0
Reserved	Bit 9	%IX3.1	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 10	%IX3.2	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 11	%IX3.3	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 12	%IX3.4	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 13	%IX3.5	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 14	%IX3.6	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 15	%IX3.7	BOOL	
	Read outputs [2]	%IW4	WORD	READ 16#9002 (= 36866)
Start	Bit O	%IX4.0	BOOL	≘ discrete input Start
Weld on	Bit 1	%IX4.1	BOOL	≘ discrete input Weld on
Stop	Bit 2	%IX4.2	BOOL	≘ discrete input Stop
Thermal	Bit 3	%IX4.3	BOOL	≘ discrete input Thermal
2 nd stage	Bit 4	%IX4.4	BOOL	≘ discrete input 2 nd stage
Retract	Bit 5	%IX4.5	BOOL	≘ discrete input Retract
Reset fault	Bit 6	%IX4.6	BOOL	≘ discrete input Reset fault
Reset counter	Bit 7	%IX4.7	BOOL	≘ discrete input Reset counter
Reset stepper	Bit 8	%IX5.0	BOOL	≘ discrete input Reset stepper
Reserved	Bit 9	%IX5.1	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 10	%IX5.2	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 11	%IX5.3	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 12	%IX5.4	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 13	%IX5.5	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 14	%IX5.6	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 15	%IX5.7	BOOL	

Variable	Channel	Address	Туре	Description
Analog input (mV)	Read outputs [3]	%IW6	WORD	READ 16#9003 (= 36867)
Analog output (mV)	Read outputs [4]	%IW8	WORD	READ 16#9004 (= 36868)
% conduction	Read outputs [5]	%IW10	WORD	READ 16#9005 (= 36869)
Reserved	Read outputs [6]	%IW10	WORD	READ 16#9006 (= 36870)
Reserved	Read outputs [7]	%IW12 %IW14	WORD	READ 16#9007 (= 36871)
Status register 0	Read outputs [8]	%IW14 %IW16	WORD	READ 16#9008 (= 36872)
Stop	Bit 0	%IX16.0	BOOL	Bit 0
Sync. error	Bit 1	%IX16.1	BOOL	Bit 1
Retract not ready	Bit 2	%IX16.2	BOOL	Bit 2
SCR hot	Bit 3	%IX16.2	BOOL	Bit 3
Transformer hot	Bit 4	%IX16.4	BOOL	Bit 4
Pilot fault	Bit 5	%IX16.5	BOOL	Bit 5
Restart required	Bit 6	%IX16.6	BOOL	Bit 6
Headlock	Bit 7	%IX16.7	BOOL	Bit 7
Toroid short-circuit	Bit 8	%IX17.0	BOOL	Bit 8
Toroid open-circuit	Bit 9	%IX17.1	BOOL	Bit 9
Reserved	Bit 10	%IX17.2	BOOL	DIT 7
Reserved	Bit 11	%IX17.2	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 12	%IX17.3	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 13	%IX17.4	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 14	%IX17.5	BOOL	
Test mode	Bit 15	%IX17.0	BOOL	Bit 15
Status register 1	Read outputs [9]	%IW18	WORD	READ 16#9009 (= 36873)
Start on	Bit 0	%IX18.0	BOOL	Bit 16
Weld off	Bit 1	%IX18.1	BOOL	Bit 17
Program inhibited	Bit 2	%IX18.2	BOOL	Bit 18
Output fault	Bit 3	%IX18.3	BOOL	Bit 19
Reserved	Bit 4	%IX18.4	BOOL	
Too many links	Bit 5	%IX18.5	BOOL	Bit 21
Bad link	Bit 6	%IX18.6	BOOL	Bit 22
Maximum current	Bit 7	%IX18.7	BOOL	Bit 23
Toroid over range	Bit 8	%IX19.0	BOOL	Bit 24
CT over range	Bit 9	%IX19.1	BOOL	Bit 25
Reserved	Bit 10	%IX19.2	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 11	%IX19.3	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 12	%IX19.4	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 13	%IX19.5	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 14	%IX19.6	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 15	%IX19.7	BOOL	
Status register 2	Read outputs [10]	%IW20	WORD	READ 16#900A (= 36874)
Low force	Bit O	%IX20.0	BOOL	Bit 32
High force	Bit 1	%IX20.1	BOOL	Bit 33
Low pre-current	Bit 2	%IX20.2	BOOL	Bit 34
High pre-current	Bit 3	%IX20.3	BOOL	Bit 35
Low main current	Bit 4	%IX20.4	BOOL	Bit 36
High main current	Bit 5	%IX20.5	BOOL	Bit 37
Low post-current	Bit 6	%IX20.6	BOOL	Bit 38
High post-current	Bit 7	%IX20.7	BOOL	Bit 39
No 2 nd stage	Bit 8	%IX21.0	BOOL	Bit 40
No force	Bit 9	%IX21.1	BOOL	Bit 41
Low	Bit 10	%IX21.2	BOOL	Bit 42
conduction(shunt)	0.1 11	(T))(01.0	DOC	
High	Bit 11	%IX21.3	BOOL	Bit 43
conduction(wear)	Di+ 10	071201 4		
Reserved	Bit 12 Bit 12	%IX21.4	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 13	%IX21.5	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 14 Bit 15	%IX21.6	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 15	%IX21.7	BOOL	

Variable	Channel	Address	Туре	Description
Status register 3	Read outputs [11]	%IW22	WORD	READ 16#900B (= 36875)
End of count 0	Bit 0	%IX22.0	BOOL	Bit 48
End of count 1	Bit 1	%IX22.1	BOOL	Bit 49
End of count 2	Bit 2	%IX22.1	BOOL	Bit 50
End of count 3	Bit 3	%IX22.3	BOOL	Bit 51
End of count 4	Bit 4	%IX22.4	BOOL	Bit 52
End of count 5	Bit 5	%IX22.5	BOOL	Bit 53
End of count 6	Bit 6	%IX22.6	BOOL	Bit 54
End of count 7	Bit 7	%IX22.7	BOOL	Bit 55
Reserved	Bit 8	%IX23.0	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 9	%IX23.1	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 10	%IX23.2	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 11	%IX23.3	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 12	%IX23.4	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 13	%IX23.5	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 14	%IX23.6	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 15	%IX23.7	BOOL	
Status register 4	Read outputs [12]	%IW24	WORD	READ 16#900C (= 36876)
End of electrode 0	Bit 0	%IX24.0	BOOL	Bit 64
End of electrode 1	Bit 1	%IX24.1	BOOL	Bit 65
End of electrode 2	Bit 2	%IX24.1	BOOL	Bit 66
End of electrode 3	Bit 3	%IX24.2	BOOL	Bit 67
End of electrode 4	Bit 4	%IX24.3	BOOL	Bit 68
End of electrode 5	Bit 5	%IX24.4	BOOL	Bit 69
End of electrode 6	Bit 6	%IX24.6	BOOL	Bit 70
End of electrode 7	Bit 7	%IX24.0	BOOL	Bit 71
Reserved	Bit 8	%IX24.7	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 9	%IX25.1	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 10	%IX25.2	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 11	%IX25.2	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 12	%IX25.4	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 13	%IX25.5	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 14	%IX25.6	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 15	%IX25.7	BOOL	
Status register 5	Read outputs [13]	%IW26	WORD	READ 16#900D (= 36877)
Tip dress 0	Bit 0	%IX26.0	BOOL	Bit 80
Tip dress 1	Bit 1	%IX26.1	BOOL	Bit 81
Tip dress 2	Bit 2	%IX26.2	BOOL	Bit 82
Tip dress 3	Bit 3	%IX26.3	BOOL	Bit 83
Tip dress 3	Bit 4	%IX26.4	BOOL	Bit 83
Tip dress 5	Bit 5	%IX26.5	BOOL	Bit 85
Tip dress 6	Bit 6	%IX26.6	BOOL	Bit 86
Tip dress 7	Bit 7	%IX26.7	BOOL	Bit 87
Reserved	Bit 8	%IX26.7 %IX27.0	BOOL	
-	Bit 9	%IX27.0	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 10		1	
Reserved		%IX27.2	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 11	%IX27.3	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 12	%IX27.4	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 13	%IX27.5	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 14	%IX27.6	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 15	%IX27.7	BOOL	

Variable	Channel	Address	Туре	Description
Status register 6	Read outputs [14]	%IW28	WORD	READ 16#900E (= 36878)
Prewarn 0	Bit O	%IX28.0	BOOL	Bit 96
Prewarn 1	Bit 1	%IX28.1	BOOL	Bit 97
Prewarn 2	Bit 2	%IX28.2	BOOL	Bit 98
Prewarn 3	Bit 3	%IX28.3	BOOL	Bit 99
Prewarn 4	Bit 4	%IX28.4	BOOL	Bit 100
Prewarn 5	Bit 5	%IX28.5	BOOL	Bit 101
Prewarn 6	Bit 6	%IX28.6	BOOL	Bit 102
Prewarn 7	Bit 7	%IX28.7	BOOL	Bit 103
Reserved	Bit 8	%IX29.0	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 9	%IX29.1	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 10	%IX29.2	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 11	%IX29.3	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 12	%IX29.4	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 13	%IX29.5	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 14	%IX29.6	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 15	%IX29.7	BOOL	
Status register 7	Read outputs [15]	%IW30	WORD	READ 16#900F (= 36879)
Reserved	Bit O	%IX30.0	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 1	%IX30.1	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 2	%IX30.2	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 3	%IX30.3	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 4	%IX30.4	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 5	%IX30.5	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 6	%IX30.6	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 7	%IX30.7	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 8	%IX31.0	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 9	%IX31.1	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 10	%IX31.2	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 11	%IX31.3	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 12	%IX31.4	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 13	%IX31.5	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 14	%IX31.6	BOOL	
Reserved	Bit 15	%IX31.7	BOOL	
Pre-heat current (A)	Read outputs [16]	%IW32	DWORD	READ 16#9010 (= 36880)
Main current (A)	Read outputs [18]	%IW36	DWORD	READ 16#9012 (= 36882)
Post-heat current (A)	Read outputs [20]	%IW40	DWORD	READ 16#9014 (= 36884)
Program number	Read outputs [22]	%IW44	WORD	READ 16#9016 (= 36886)
Force ¹	Read outputs [23]	%IW46	WORD	READ 16#9017 (= 36887)

¹ value is multiplied by the scale factor (898.88 for kN or 4 for lbf)

Read outputs[15...8] correspond to the status messages - see section status messages.

6.4. Parameter mapping

Variable	Address	Туре	Description
Weld programs			256 x 64 WORDS
Weld program 0	16#0000 (= 0)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Weld program 1	16#0040 (= 64)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Weld program 2	16#0080 (= 128)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Weld program 3	16#00C0 (= 192)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Weld program 254	16#3F80 (= 16256)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Weld program 255	16#3FC0 (= 16320)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Electrodes			8 x 64 WORDS
Electrode 0	16#4000 (= 16384)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Electrode 1	16#4040 (= 16448)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Electrode 2	16#4080 (= 16512)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Electrode 3	16#40C0 (= 16576)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Electrode 4	16#4100 (= 16640)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Electrode 5	16#4140 (= 16704)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Electrode 6	16#4180 (= 16768)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Electrode 7	16#41C0 (= 16834)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Calibration			8 x 64 WORDS
Calibration 0	16#5000 (= 20480)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Calibration 1	16#5040 (= 20544)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Calibration 2	16#5080 (= 20608)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Calibration 3	16#50C0 (= 20672)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Calibration 4	16#5100 (= 20736)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Calibration 5	16#5140 (= 20800)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Calibration 6	16#5180 (= 20864)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
Calibration 7	16#51C0 (= 20928)	WORD ARRAY [063]	
	1	1	
Configuration			1 x 64 WORDS
Configuration	16#6000 (= 24576)	WORD ARRAY [063]	

6.4.1. Weld program parameters

Veld program p		Address	Ture e	Description
variable	Channel	Address offset	Туре	Description
Weld program		%IW0	WORD	
riola program		,01110	ARRAY	
			[063]	
Attributes	Weld	%IW0	WORD	
	program [0]			
Pre heat	Bit 0	%IX0.0	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Post heat	Bit 1	%IX0.1	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
	Bit 2	%IX0.2	BOOL	00 = PHA mode
Pre-mode	Bit 3	%IX0.3	BOOL	01 = CCR mode
N 4 - ¹	Bit 4	%IX0.4	BOOL	00 = PHA mode
Main mode	Bit 5	%IX0.5	BOOL	01 = CCR mode
Deed we ende	Bit 6	%IX0.6	BOOL	00 = PHA mode
Post-mode	Bit 7	%IX0.7	BOOL	01 = CCR mode
Link mode	Bit 8	%IX1.0	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Repeat/Roll-spot	Bit 9	%IX1.1	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
mode				
Wait force	Bit 10	%IX1.2	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Force profile	Bit 11	%IX1.3	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Test force	Bit 12	%IX1.4	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Test pre-current	Bit 13	%IX1.5	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Test main current	Bit 14	%IX1.6	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Test post-current	Bit 15	%IX1.7	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Presqueeze time	Weld	%IW1	WORD	0 - 99
	program [1]			
Squeeze time	Weld	%IW2	WORD	0 – 99
	program [2]			
Pre-heat time	Weld	%IW3	WORD	0 - 99
	program [3]			
Pre-heat (PHA)	Weld	%IW4	WORD	0 – 999 (x10)
	program [4]			
Pre-heat (CCR) ³	Weld	%IW5	WORD	0 – 999 (x10)
	program [5]			
Pre-current	Weld	%IW6	DWORD	0 – 500000
	program [6]			
Cool1 time	Weld	%IW8	WORD	0 - 99
	program [8]			
Main heat time	Weld	%IW9	WORD	0 - 99
	program [9]			
Main heat (PHA)	Weld	%IW10	WORD	0 – 999 (x10)
	program [10]	<i><i><i>(</i>1), <i>(</i>1), </i></i>	14/000	0 000 (10)
Main heat (CCR) ³	Weld	%IW11	WORD	0 – 999 (x10)
A 4 - 1	program [11]	Ø114/10	DWORD	0 500000
Main current	Weld	%IW12	DWORD	0 – 500000
0 10 1'	program [12]	07114/1 4	14/000	0.00
Cool2 time	Weld	%IW14	WORD	0 - 99
Pulsations	program [14]	%IW15		1 – 99
F UISCHICHIS	Weld	701VV13	WORD	1 - 77
Post-heat time	program [15] Weld	%IW16	WORD	0 – 99
		/01 # # 1 0	WURD	0 - 77
Post-heat (PHA)	program [16] Weld	%IW17	WORD	0 – 999 (x10)
	program [17]	/01441/		$\mathbf{O} = \mathbf{V} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{V}$
Post-heat (CCR) ³	Weld	%IW18	WORD	0 – 999 (x10)
	program [18]	7014410		$\mathbf{O} = \mathbf{V} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{V}$
		I		1

Post-current	Weld	%IW19	DWORD	0 - 500000
	program [19]			
Hold time	Weld	%IW21	WORD	0 – 99
	program [21]			
Off time	Weld	%IW22	WORD	0 – 99
	program [22]			
Upslope time	Weld	%IW23	WORD	0 – 99
	program [23]			
Downslope time	Weld	%IW24	WORD	0 – 99
	program [24]			
Squeeze valves ¹	Weld	%IW25	WORD	
	program [25]			
Pre-heat valves ¹	Weld	%IW26	WORD	
	program [26]			
Cool1 valves ¹	Weld	%IW27	WORD	
	program [27]			
Upslope valves ¹	Weld	%IW28	WORD	
	program [28]			
Main heat valves ¹	Weld	%IW29	WORD	
	program [29]			
Cool2 valves ¹	Weld	%IW30	WORD	
	program [30]			
Downslope valves ¹	Weld	%IW31	WORD	
	program [31]			
Post-heat valves ¹	Weld	%IW32	WORD	
	program [32]			
Hold valves ¹	Weld	%IW33	WORD	
	program [33]			
Off valves ¹	Weld	%IW34	WORD	
	program [34]			

1	Weld program [nn]	%IXnn.0.0	BOOL	AV1 state 1 = ON
	Weld program [nn]	%IXnn.0.1	BOOL	AV2 state 1 = ON
	Weld program [nn]	%lXnn.0.2	BOOL	AV3 state 1 = ON
	Weld program [nn]	%IXnn.0.3	BOOL	AV4 state 1 = ON
	Weld program [nn]	%lXnn.0.4	BOOL	AV5 state 1 = ON
	Weld program [nn]	%IXnn.0.5	BOOL	AV6 state 1 = ON
	Weld program [nn]	%IXnn.0.6	BOOL	AV7 state 1 = ON
	Weld program [nn]	%lXnn.0.7	BOOL	AV8 state 1 = ON

Squeeze force	Weld	%IW35	WORD	0 – 32767 ²
	program [35]			
Pre-heat force	Weld	%IW36	WORD	0 - 327672
	program [36]			
Cool1 force	Weld	%IW37	WORD	0 – 32767 ²
	program [37]			
Upslope force	Weld	%IW38	WORD	0 – 32767 ²
	program [38]			
Main heat force	Weld	%IW39	WORD	0 – 32767 ²
	program [39]			
Cool2 force	Weld	%IW40	WORD	0 – 32767 ²
	program [40]			

Downslope force	Weld	%IW41	WORD	0 – 32767 ²
<u> </u>	program [41]	~		0.007/70
Post-heat force	Weld	%IW42	WORD	0 – 327672
	program [42] Weld	%IW43	WORD	0 - 327672
Hold force	program [43]	%10043	WORD	0 - 32/6/2
Off force	Weld	%IW44	WORD	0 – 32767 ²
	program [44]	/0111-	WORD	0 02/0/
Force low limit	Weld	%IW45	WORD	0 – 99
	program [45]			
Force high limit	Weld	%IW46	WORD	0 – 99
	program [46]			
Selected WAV	Weld	%IW47	WORD	0 – 7
	program [47]			
Current low limit	Weld	%IW48	WORD	0 – 99
	program [48]			
Current high limit	Weld	%IW49	WORD	0 – 99
0	program [49]			
Selected electrode	Weld	%IW50	WORD	0 – 7
	program [50]		-	
Linked program	Weld	%IW51	WORD	0 – 255
	program [51]	,	in one	0 200
Reserved	Weld	%IW52	WORD	
Regerved	program [52]	/01002	MORD	
Reserved	Weld	%IW53	WORD	
Keserrea	program [53]	/01//00	HORD	
Reserved	Weld	%IW54	WORD	
	program [54]	,	in one	
Reserved	Weld	%IW55	WORD	
	program [55]		-	
Reserved	Weld	%IW56	WORD	
	program [56]	,		
Reserved	Weld	%IW57	WORD	
	program [57]	,	in one	
C-Monitor	Weld	%IW58	WORD	0 – 99 %
Shunt limit	program [58]	,		
C-Monitor	Weld	%IW59	WORD	0 - 99 %
Wear limit	program [59]	,01110,	11 OILD	0 , , , , 0
Reserved	Weld	%IW60	WORD	
Keservea	program [60]	/01//00	WORD	
Attributes2	Weld	%IW61	WORD	
Annooresz	program [61]	/014401	WORD	
Inhibited	Bit 0	%IX61.0	BOOL	0 = enable,1 = inhibit
C-Monitor	Bit 1	%IX61.0	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Shunt enable		/01/01.1	BOOL	
C-Monitor	Bit 2	%IX61.2	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
		/01/101.2	BOOL	0 - 01, 1 - 01
Wear enable	Dit 3	071V21 2	ROOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Retry	Bit 3	%IX61.3	BOOL	
Motor valves ¹	Weld	%IW62	WORD	
Soam balanco	program [62]	9/11/1/2	WOPD	0 - 200 (0 - 20.0%)
Seam balance	Weld	%IW63	WORD	0 - 200 (0 - 20.0%)
	program [63]	L		I

² Divide value by 898.99 for kN. Divide value by 4 for lbf.

 3 Controls the initial heat at the start of weld. CCR regulation will then adjust the heat based on measured current.

6.4.2. Electrode parameters

Variable	Channel	Address offset	Туре	Description
Electrode		%IW0	WORD	
			ARRAY	
			[063]	
Attributes	Electrode [0]	%IW0	WORD	
Enable counter	Bit O	%IX0.0	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Enable tipdress	Bit 1	%IX0.1	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Enable stepper	Bit 2	%IX0.2	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Stop at endcount	Bit 3	%IX0.3	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Stop at endstep	Bit 4	%IX0.4	BOOL	0 = off, 1 = on
Transformer	Electrode [1]	%IW1	WORD	0 – 7
Counter	Electrode [2]	%IW2	WORD	0 – 9999
Endcount	Electrode [3]	%IW3	WORD	0 – 9999
Dressings done	Electrode [4]	%IW4	WORD	0 – 9999
Max dressings	Electrode [5]	%IW5	WORD	0 – 9999
Stepper spots done	Electrode [6]	%IW6	DWORD	Read only
Stepper % done	Electrode [8]	%IW8	WORD	Read only
Stepper reset to	Electrode [9]	%IW9	WORD	0 – 9999
Stepper spots	Electrode [1019]	%IW1019	WORD	0 – 9999
Stepper delta H	Electrode [2029]	%IW2029	WORD	0 – 500 (% x 10)
Stepper delta I	Electrode [3039]	%IW3039	WORD	0 – 500 (% x 10)
Reserved	Electrode [40]-[63]			

6.4.3. Calibration parameters

Variable	Channel	Address offset	Туре	Description
Calibration		%IW0	WORD	
			ARRAY	
			[063]	
Power factor	Calibration [0]	%IW0	WORD	0 – 86 (x100)
A out X1	Calibration [1]	%IW1	WORD	0 – 10000 mV
A out Y1	Calibration [2]	%IW2	WORD	0 – 32767
A out X2	Calibration [3]	%IW3	WORD	0 – 10000 mV
A out Y2	Calibration [4]	%IW4	WORD	0 – 32767
A in X1	Calibration [5]	%IW5	WORD	0 – 10000 mV
A in Y1	Calibration [6]	%IW6	WORD	0 - 32767
A in X2	Calibration [7]	%IW7	WORD	0 – 10000 mV
A in Y2	Calibration [8]	%IW8	WORD	0 - 32767
CT sensitivity	Calibration [9]	%IW9	WORD	1 – 60000 mV/kA
Toroid sensitivity	Calibration [10]	%IW10	WORD	1 – 60000 mV/kA
Convert CT	Calibration [11]	%IW11	WORD	0 = off
				1 = use 2-points
				2 = use turns ratio
CT X1	Calibration [12]	%IW12	DWORD	0 – 32000
CT Y1	Calibration [14]	%IW14	DWORD	0 – 500000
CT X2	Calibration [16]	%IW16	DWORD	0 – 32000
CT Y2	Calibration [18]	%IW18	DWORD	0 – 500000
CT max	Calibration [20]	%IW20	DWORD	Read only
Turns ratio	Calibration [22]	%IW22	WORD	1 – 999
CCR gain	Calibration [23]	%IW23	WORD	1 – 10
Phase B adjust	Calibration [24]	%IW24	WORD	-99 – 99%
Phase C adjust	Calibration [25]	%IW25	WORD	-99 – 99%
Analog control	Calibration[26]	%IW26	DWORD	0-500000
mode max current				
(for 10V input)				
Toroid factor	Calibration[28]	%IW28	WORD	1 - 10
Analog control	Calibration[29]	%IW26	DWORD	0-500000
mode min current				
(for 0V input)				
Reserved	Calibration[31]-			
	[63]			

6.4.4. Configuration parameters

Variable	Channel	Addres	Туре	Description
		s offset	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Configuration		%IW0	WORD	
			ARRAY	
			[063]	
Weld type	Configuration[0]	%IW0	WORD	0 = spot
				1 = seam
Second stage	Configuration[1]	%IW1	WORD	
	Bit O	%IX1.0	BOOL	00 = none
	Bit 1	%IX1.1	BOOL	01 =before Squeeze
	- Dil - O	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		10 = after Squeeze
	Bit 2	%IX1.2	BOOL	Reserved
	Bit 3	%IX1.3	BOOL	0 = check first
				program
				1 = check every
Retract	Configuration[0]	%IW2	WORD	
Reliaci	Configuration[2]	701VV Z	WORD	0 = simple 1 = hilift plus
				2 = hilift minus
				3 = maintained
Sensor	Configuration[3]	%IW3	WORD	0 = CT, 1 = toroid
Frequency	Configuration[4]	%IW4	WORD	0 = 50 Hz, $1 = 60$ Hz
Units	Configuration[5]	%IW5	WORD	0 = 30112, 1 = 00112 0 = metric
011113	Configuration[0]	/01440	WORD	1 = imperial
Electrodes	Configuration[6]	%IW6	WORD	0 = single, 1 = multi
Fault	Configuration[7]	%IW7	WORD	
Stop	Bit 0	%IX7.0	BOOL	1 = stop on fault
EOS	Bit 1	%IX7.1	BOOL	1 = EOS on fault
Headlock	Bit 2	%IX7.2	BOOL	1 = headlock on
nodulock	511 2	7017 (7 1.Z	DOOL	fault
Contactor	Configuration[8]	%IW8	WORD	1 - 99 seconds
	0			0 = off
Program select	Configuration[9]	%IW9	WORD	0 = external
				1 = internal
Internal prog	Configuration[10]	%IW10	WORD	0 - 255
I/O source	Configuration[11]	%IW11	WORD	0 = discrete
				1 = MODBUS COM0
				2 = MODBUS COM1
				3 = MODBUS COM2
				4 = n/a
				5 = MODBUS COM4
				6 = MODBUS COM5
				7 = EtherNet/IP
	Configuration[12]	07114/10		COM7
SCR select	Configuration [12]	%IW12	WORD	0 = direct (1 - 4 SCRs)
				1 = encoded (5 - 8 SCRs)
COM2 address	Configuration[13]	%IW13	WORD	2 = 3-phase 1 - 247
COM2 dddress COM2 baud rate	Configuration[14]	%IW13	WORD	0 = 9600
		/01 / 1 / 4	WORD	0 = 9800 1 = 19200
				2 = 38400
				3 = 57600
Touch-screen	Configuration[15]	%IW15	WORD	0 = 57000
display		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1 = not fitted
Adapter code	Configuration[16]	%IW16	WORD	
		.		1

Analog output function	Configuration[17]	%IW17	WORD	0 = force 1 = waveform
Analog output scale (10 V =)	Configuration[18]	%IW18	DWORD	0 – 500 kA
Security ²	Configuration[20]	%IW20	WORD	0 = off 1 = key-switch 2 = PIN on WSP3 3 = PIN on touchscreen 4 = PIN on both
Security timeout ²	Configuration[21]	%IW21	WORD	0 – 10 minutes
Security PIN0 ²	Configuration[22]	%IW22	WORD	1000 - 9999
Security PIN1 ²	Configuration[23]	%IW23	WORD	1000 - 9999
Security PIN2 ²	Configuration[24]	%IW24	WORD	1000 - 9999
Security PIN3 ²	Configuration[25]	%IW25	WORD	1000 - 9999
Security PIN4 ²	Configuration[26]	%IW26	WORD	1000 - 9999
IP address (msb) ¹	Configuration[27]	%IW27	WORD	0 - 255
IP address ¹	Configuration[28]	%IW28	WORD	0 - 255
IP address ¹	Configuration[29]	%IW29	WORD	0 - 255
IP address (Isb) ¹	Configuration[30]	%IW30	WORD	0 - 255
Sub-net mask(msb) ¹	Configuration[31]	%IW31	WORD	0 - 255
Sub-net mask ¹	Configuration[32]	%IW32	WORD	0 - 255
Sub-net mask ¹	Configuration[33]	%IW33	WORD	0 - 255
Sub-net mask (lsb)	Configuration[34]	%IW34	WORD	0 - 255
Gateway (msb) ¹	Configuration[35]	%IW35	WORD	0 - 255
Gateway ¹	Configuration[36]	%IW36	WORD	0 - 255
Gateway ¹	Configuration[37]	%IW37	WORD	0 - 255
Gateway (Isb) 1	Configuration[38]	%IW38	WORD	0 - 255
Features	Configuration[39]	%IW39	WORD	0 = standard 1 = extended
Toroid test	Configuration[40]	%IW40	WORD	0 = off, 1 = on
Analog control	Configuration[41]	%IW41	WORD	0 = off, 1 = on
Reserved	Configuration [42]-[63]			

¹ Applies to COM4, COM5 and COM6 only.

² Not accessible on WSP3 or touch-screen.

7. EtherNet/IP

EN7000v2 and EN7000v2-TS include integrated EtherNet/IP. For EN7000 and EN7000-TS, EtherNet/IP can be provided via an optional plug-in adapter board.

7.1. Functionality

- Cyclic I/O control using EtherNet/IP implicit messaging (class 1 connection).
- Parameter programming using EtherNet/IP explicit messaging.

7.2. Ports

TCP	44818	Explicit
UDP	44818	Explicit
UDP-IO	2222	Implicit: Cyclic I/O

7.3. Status LEDs (MS & NS)

On power-up the LEDs perform the following sequence, as defined by the EtherNet/IP specification:

LE1/MS	LE2/NS	Duration s
Green	Off	0.25
Red	Off	0.25
Off	Green	0.25
Off	Red	0.25

After the power-up sequence, the LEDs indicate as follows:

LE1/MS: EtherNet/IP module status:

GREEN	OK
RED	Fault

LE2/NS: network status:

GREEN flashing	Ready, no EtherNet/IP connection.
GREEN solid	EtherNet/IP class 1 connection.
RED flashing	EtherNet/IP class 1 connection lost.

7.4. Cyclic I/O (class 1 connection)

To have the EtherNet/IP connection activate the inputs to the welding control, access the control configuration parameters (using WSP3, touch-screen or NetFlash) and select

I/O SOURCE: COM6-E/IP

then restart the control.

This setting only affects the inputs and outputs. Parameter access is always available, even if *I/O Source* is set to something other than COM6.

The controlling device (usually a plc) must then be set up to initiate the connection. The following screen-shot shows the required parameters:

Originator->Target (0->T) Connection Parameters	Connection Rate		100	_
Connection Point 150	T->0 Packet Rate (ms):		100	_
C Connection Tag	0->T Production Inhibit Tir	neout (ms):	0	_
Data Size (bytes) 4 🔽 Run/Idle Header	T->O Production Inhibit Tir		0	_
- Target->Originator (T->O) Connection Parameters	Connection Type	. ,		
Connection Point 100	0->T Tranport Type:	Point To	Point	
C Connection Tag	T->0 Tranport Type:	Point To	Point	1
Data Size (bytes) 48 📃 Run/Idle Header	Transport Trigger:	velic		
Redundant Owner Connection	Timeout Multiplier:	1	6	
Redundant Owner	T->O Priority:	Schedu	led	
COO value	0->T Priority:	Schedu	led	
R00 value 0		1		_
Configuration Configuration Instance: 1 Module Configuration Data - Each byte is a 2 char hex value, separated by a space (i.e. 0a 26 f9).	Keep TCP connection	active durir	ng connec	tio

As can be seen above, the control accepts 4 bytes of input information and produces 48 bytes of output. This should be interpreted as 2 16-bit words (input) and 24 16-bit words (output) in little-endian format (lsb sent first). The definition of these words can be found in this manual, in the Modbus section.

7.5. Parameter programming

This is achieved through the use of the EtherNet/IP explicit messaging service.

The following services are implemented:

Service	Code
Get attribute single	0E (hex)
Set attribute single	10 (hex)

With each of these services, the following objects are available:

Parameters	Class ID	Instance	Attribute ID	Size
Weld program	96 (hex)	1	0 to FF (hex)	128 bytes
Electrode	97 (hex)	1	0 to 7	128 bytes
Calibration	98 (hex)	1	0 to 7	128 bytes
Configuration	99 (hex)	1	0	128 bytes

Data should be interpreted as 16-bit words, in little-endian format (lsb sent first). The definition of these words can be found in the Modbus section of this manual.

For example, to modify a weld parameter in program p (0 to 255):

1. Get the weld program from the control by sending the explicit message:

Service	Class ID	Instance	Attribute ID	Data
0E (hex)	96 (hex)	1	ρ	none

This returns the 64-word (128 bytes) program structure.

2. Modify the parameter(s) as required.

3. Send the modified program back to the control with the explicit message:

Service	Class ID	Instance	Attribute ID	Data
10 (hex)	96 (hex)	1	р	128 bytes

7.6. Interfacing with a PLC

A separate document is available which details an example on how to interface with a PLC.

8. Configuration

Parameter	Value	Description
Fo orturoo	Standard	Selects standard features.
Features	Extended	Selects extended features.
Wold two o	Spot	Selects spot welding features.
Weld type	Seam	Selects seam welding features.
Comoor	CT	Use a Current Transformer (CT) for primary current monitoring.
Sensor	Toroid	Use a measuring coil (Toroid) for secondary current monitoring.
	50 Hz	The frequency of the electrical mains is 50 Hz.
Frequency	60 Hz	The frequency of the electrical mains is 60 Hz.
Unite	Metric	Force in KN.
Units	Imperial	Force in lbf.
	External	The Program Select inputs select the weld program.
Program select	Internal	The Use Program parameter selects the weld program.
	Single	Use one electrode for the weld programs.
Electrodes	Multi	Use up to 8 electrodes for the weld programs.
	Direct	Control up to 4 SCRs directly.
SCR select	Coded	Control up to 8 SCRs via an external decoder module.
	3-phase	Controls the SCRs in 3-phase applications.
	Off	Selects the second stage function. See Welding control – timing
2 nd stage	Before Squeeze	diagrams section.
	After Squeeze	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Once	The 2 nd stage input is checked only at the start of the first spot in a
		sequence. Applies to spot-repeat, cascade and roll-spot modes
Ordalaa		but not seam.
2 nd stage	Every	The 2 nd stage input is checked at the start of every spot within a
		sequence. Applies to spot-repeat, cascade and roll-spot modes
		but not seam.
	Simple	Selects the Retract function. See Welding control – timing diagrams
Retract	Hilift +	section.
Kelluci	Hilift -	
	Maintained	
	No	In the event of a fault further welds will be permitted.
Stop on fault	Yes	In the event of a fault, a <i>fault reset</i> is required before further welds
		will be permitted.
EOS on fault	No	In the event of a fault the EOS output will not be activated.
	Yes	In the event of a fault the EOS output will be activated.
Headlock on	No	In the event of a fault the welding head will not be locked.
fault	Yes	In the event of a fault the welding head will be locked.
	Discrete	Use the discrete inputs and outputs.
	COM0	Use MODBUS TCP/IP (Ethernet) on COM0 ²
	COM1	Use MODBUS TCP/IP (Ethernet) on COM12
I/O source	COM2	Use MODBUS RTU (RS485) on COM2
10 200106	COM3	Use RS232 on COM3
	COM4	Use MODBUS TCP/IP (Ethernet) on COM4 ³
	COM5	Use MODBUS TCP/IP (Ethernet) on COM5 ³
	COM6	Use EtherNet/IP on COM6 ³
Analog output	Force	The analog output is used to control force.
	Current	The analog output corresponds to the measured weld current.
Waveform	10V = 0 - 500kA	Sets the analog output scaling for the measured current option.
Contactor	0 – 99 seconds	The contactor output is sustained for this time following a weld
Toroid test	Off / On	The connection to an external toroid will be tested. The measured
		resistance must lie within the range 10 to 300 Ohms.
Analog control	Off / On	The heat or current can be controlled via the analog input.

9. Status messages

NetFlash, WSP3 and the Touch-screen all show these status messages. They are also available on the bus outputs – See Modbus and EtherNet/IP sections.

0 Normal 1 Stop Check the Stop input 2 Sync. error Configuration 3 Retract not ready Operate the Retract input 4 SCR hot Check SCR cooling 5 Transformer hot Check SCR cooling 6 Pilot fault Safety relay foult. Do not use the EN7000 and return it for service. 7 Restart required Restart the EN7000 8 Headlocked The welding head is locked because of a fault condition 9 Toroid short-circuit Connection to Toroid (secondary feedback coil) is short-circuit 10 Toroid short-circuit Connection to Toroid (secondary feedback coil) is short-circuit 11 Reserved Esserved Esserved 12 Reserved Esserved Esserved 13 Reserved For service use only To endition 14 Reserved Esserved Esserved 15 Tors on The Start input is on following a weld sequence or stop/power-up condition Check the Weld On input 19 Program inhibited The selected	Code	Condition	Action
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(wear)			
	44	0	The weld transformer secondary circuit may have degraded.
	45		

47	Deserved	
46	Reserved	
47	Reserved	
48	Reserved	
49	End of count 0	Reset counter 0
50	End of count 1	Reset counter 1
51	End of count 2	Reset counter 2
52	End of count 3	Reset counter 3
53	End of count 4	Reset counter 4
54	End of count 5	Reset counter 5
55	End of count 6	Reset counter 6
56	End of count 7	Reset counter 8
57	Reserved	
58	Reserved	
59	Reserved	
60	Reserved	
61	Reserved	
62	Reserved	
63	Reserved	
64	Reserved	
65	End of electrode 0	Reset stepper 0
66	End of electrode 1	Reset stepper 1
67	End of electrode 2	Reset stepper 2
68	End of electrode 3	Reset stepper 3
69	End of electrode 4	Reset stepper 4
70	End of electrode 5	Reset stepper 5
71	End of electrode 6	Reset stepper 6
72	End of electrode 7	Reset stepper 7
73	Reserved	
74	Reserved	
75	Reserved	
76	Reserved	
77	Reserved	
78	Reserved	
79	Reserved	
80	Reserved	
81	Tip dress 0	Dress the electrodes and then reset counter 0
82	Tip dress 1	Dress the electrodes and then reset counter 1
83	Tip dress 2	Dress the electrodes and then reset counter 1
84	Tip dress 3	Dress the electrodes and then reset counter 3
85	Tip dress 4	Dress the electrodes and then reset counter 4
86	Tip dress 5	Dress the electrodes and then reset counter 5
87	Tip dress 6	Dress the electrodes and then reset counter 6
88	Tip dress 7	Dress the electrodes and then reset counter 7
89	Reserved	
89 90	Reserved	
90		
	Reserved	
92	Reserved	
93	Reserved	
94	Reserved	
95	Reserved	
96	Reserved	Stanner O has completed its 0th star
97	Prewarn 0	Stepper 0 has completed its 9th step
98	Prewarn 1	Stepper 1 has completed its 9th step
99	Prewarn 2	Stepper 2 has completed its 9th step
100	Prewarn 3	Stepper 3 has completed its 9th step
101	Prewarn 4	Stepper 4 has completed its 9th step
102	Prewarn 5	Stepper 5 has completed its 9th step
103	Prewarn 6	Stepper 6 has completed its 9th step
104	Prewarn 7	Stepper 7 has completed its 9th step
105	Reserved	

106	Reserved	
107	Reserved	
108	Reserved	
109	Reserved	
110	Reserved	
111	Reserved	
112	Reserved	
113	Reserved	
114	Reserved	
115	Reserved	
116	Reserved	
117	Reserved	
118	Reserved	
119	Reserved	
120	Reserved	
121	Reserved	
122	Reserved	
123	Reserved	
124	Reserved	
125	Reserved	
126	Reserved	
127	Reserved	
128	Reserved	

10. History log

EN7000 stores the results of the last 6000 <u>spot welds</u> in a history log. Each record contains the following information:

Parameter	Description
Time and date	The time and date when the weld was made
Program	The weld program used
Pre-current	The current measured during the Pre-heat interval
Main current	The current measured during the Main heat interval
Post-current	The current measured during the Post-heat interval
Force	The force measured during the weld
Conduction	The conduction measured during the weld

The log can be viewed or reset as required via WSP3, Touch-screen or NetFlash. When using NetFlash, this log can be downloaded to the screen and stored in a file. Subsequent welds are also displayed and stored.

11. Programming

EN7000 supports several programming methods:

- NetFlash PC program (Ethernet)
- WSP3 pendant (RS232)
- MODBUS (Ethernet or RS485)
- Built-in touch screen (EN7000-TS only) see separate *touch-screen programming guide* document.
- EtherNet/IP (Integrated on EN7000v2/EN7000v2-TS, via optional adapter card on EN7000/EN7000-TS)

11.1. Security

There are two features which can be configured to protect access:

11.1.1. PIN codes

Up to five PIN codes can be stored in each control. Users must then enter their code before being granted access permission to edit parameters. All parameters remain viewable (read-only). This feature can be configured to be applied to the touch-screen, the WSP3 or both. After initially gaining access, edit permission remains granted for a configurable time-out period.

11.1.2. Edit switch

Use of an external switch connected to the P64 input pin. Users are only granted access permission to edit parameters when the switch is activated. By using a key-switch, only the key-holders will be able to make edits. All parameters remain viewable (read-only). When configured, this feature applies to both the touch-screen and the WSP3.

Note that if this feature is used, then the P64 (program select bit 64) is no longer available on the discrete signal interface and thus external selection of programs is restricted to the range 0 to 63. This is not normally a problem on manual installations which is typically where security features are required. The full range of programmes (0 to 255) is still available through manual selection or via a network connection.

The above features are configured via the use of NetFlash software. NetFlash itself also has a security feature which can be used to tailor access rights. Users can be allocated usernames, passwords and access levels which restrict users to editing none, some or all parameters, as required. Thus, an administrator can pass copies of NetFlash to various personnel, each having individually permission levels.

Access via network protocols is not restricted as this will generally be via automation systems.

11.2. Programming with WSP3 pendant

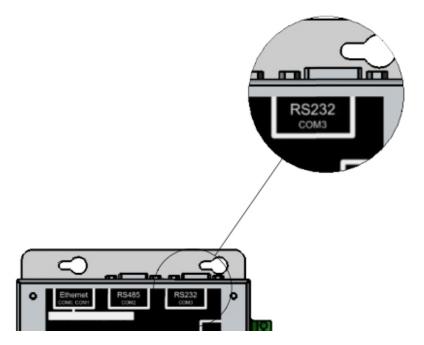
When parameters are changed in NetFlash they are changed immediately in the EN7000.

The WSP3 is a hand-held programming pendant with a 20x4 character display and a sealed keypad.



The WSP3 can be used to access diagnostic information in addition to all parameters.

The WSP3 uses RS232 to communicate with the EN7000 and should be connected to COM3:



11.2.1. Keypad

		Return to the previous screen or move between menu screens.
ENTRONK	←1 ↓-	Select a different function or parameter. The selected function or parameter will flash and the visible window will scroll if required.
	ŋ	Return. Access the selected function.
WSP3	+	Alter the selected parameter. Press both keys together to set the parameter to 0 or to its minimum value.

11.2.2. Diagnostic or Status screen

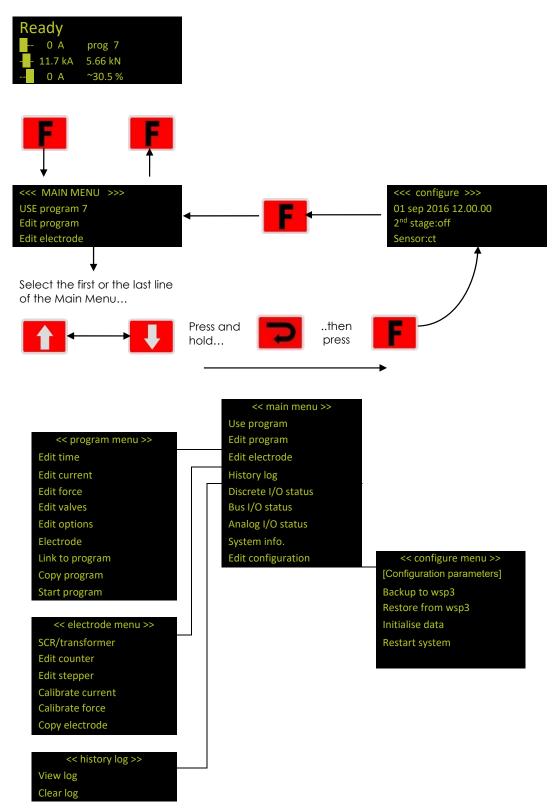
Status messageReadyMeasured Pre-current-- 0 Aprog 7Measured Main current-- 11.7 kA5.66 kNMeasured Post-current-- 0 A~30.5 %

Tip: When editing parameters, you can quickly switch to the diagnostic screen by pressing the *Return* key, then switch back again by pressing *F*.

11.2.3. Menus

The functions of the EN7000 are arranged into a set of menus and screens as follows:

Diagnostic screen



11.2.4. Backup/Restore

The WSP3 allows the data in one EN7000 to be transferred to another by using the Backup and Restore functions.

- Use the Backup function to make a copy of all the EN7000's settings. The copy is held within the WSP3. The data in the EN7000 is unchanged. Note that only one backup can be stored in the WSP3 and that this is overwritten each time the backup function is used.
- Use the Restore function to restore all of the settings in the EN7000 from a backup stored in the WSP3 pendant. Note that this operation will overwrite all data which was previously stored in the EN7000. After the restore operation the backup remains in the WSP3.

11.2.5. Initialise data

The Initialise function sets all of the parameters in the EN7000 to predefined values.



The Initialise function will overwrite all previously stored data in the EN7000. After an initialise operation, review the configuration and calibration settings and ensure they are appropriate for the application. Also review the welding programs that will be used.

11.3. Programming with NetFlash

NetFlash is a PC-compatible program which provides a graphical user interface to program and monitor one or more EN7000s. In addition, NetFlash provides backup/restore functions for control data, live data logging to a file and a utility for updating the firmware in the EN7000.

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	2	13	11	D.	12	8	8			10 es	nat	11 (<u>1</u>) +				
4			-													
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Please consult the separate document NetFlash User Guide for full details.

11.4. Programming with the Touch-screen

EN7000-TS models have a touch screen display that can be used to access all parameters and diagnostic information.



Please consult the separate document *EN7000-TS Touch-screen programming User Guide* for full details.

11.5. Programming with MODBUS

Please see the Modbus section of this manual.

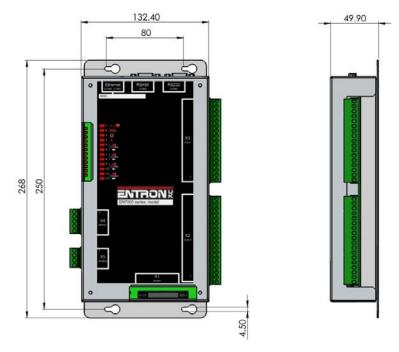
11.6. Programming with EtherNet/IP

Please see the EtherNet/IP section of this manual.

12. Dimensions and Mounting

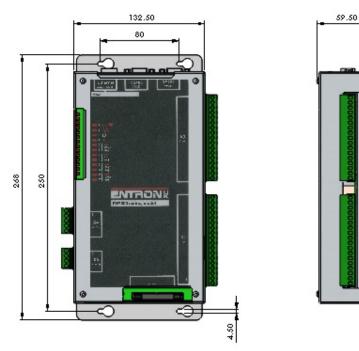
12.1. Gear plate mounting

12.1.1. EN7000



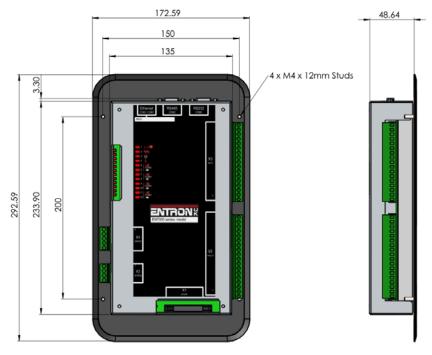
Note: If an adapter board is fitted then the depth increases to 59.5 mm

12.1.2. EN7000v2

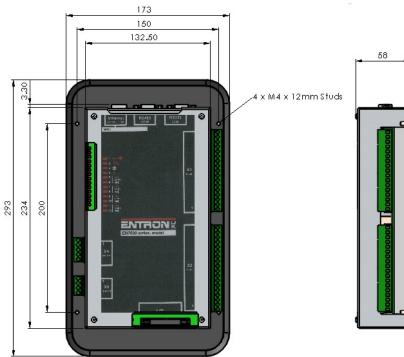


12.2. Front panel mounting

12.2.1. EN7000-TS



Note: If an adapter board is fitted then the depth increases to 58 mm



12.2.2. EN7000v2-TS

13. Tutorials

This section is a series of application notes which discuss some specific topics in detail.

13.1. Setting up a constant current weld

Phase Angle (PHA) heat control sets the heat of a weld by specifying a fixed conduction angle. The minimum and maximum conduction angles are termed 0% and 100% Heat respectively. This method of control is open loop which means there is no feedback process involved to compensate for changes in the system.

If a weld uses Constant Current (CCR) control, a current demand is read from the weld program and a conduction angle is read from memory. The first cycle of weld is carried out and the current is measured. If the measured current is not the same as the demand current an adjustment is made to the conduction angle ready for the next cycle of weld. The next cycle is then done and the comparison is repeated. This process continues throughout the weld. At the end of the weld, the conduction angle is stored in memory for when the weld program is used again. This method of control is closed loop and compensates for changes in the system such as changes in mains voltage, changes in secondary resistance and inductance.

The parameters that control a constant current weld are described in the Weld control section.

- 1. Set the weld program parameters to produce an acceptable weld in PHA mode. Adjust the Heat parameter to achieve the best results.
- 2. Change the welding mode from PHA to CCR. The Heat parameter will show the heat or conduction angle that will be used as the starting point of the next CCR weld. Caution: ensure the Heat parameter corresponds to the Heat used in step 1.
- 3. Set the Current to the value that produced the acceptable weld in PHA mode.
- 4. Run the program and check the results. Adjust the current if required to produce consistent welds.

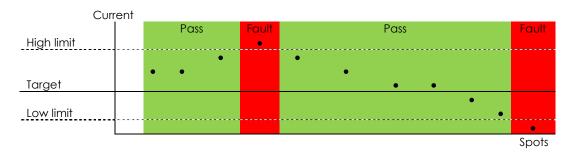
13.2. Testing the weld current

13.2.1. Current monitor

The current for each weld can be tested against upper and lower limits.

- 1. In the weld program, enable the Test current option for each weld to be tested.
- 2. Set the Low limit and High limits appropriately. The limits correspond to a percentage of the required current.

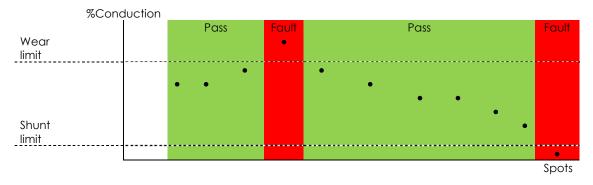
If the weld current falls outside the limits, EN7000 will signal a fault.



13.2.2. Conduction monitor (C-Monitor)

Extended

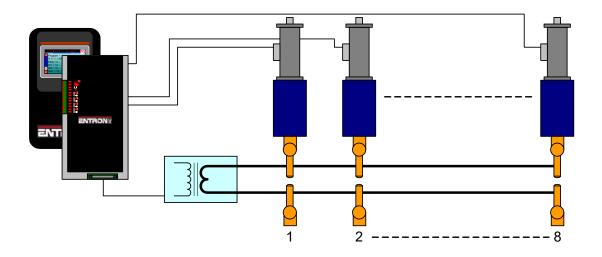
The control measures the percentage conduction of the <u>Main-heat</u> interval. The user may set low (shunt) and high(wear) limits, thus setting an acceptance window. These limits are absolute values (they are not percentages of the measurement). If the measured conduction is found to be outside of these limits, the EN7000 will signal a fault.



When using constant current, the conduction will vary as the control applies compensation. Low conduction can be indicative of a shunt condition on the welding transformer secondary circuit. High conduction can be indicative of secondary circuit wear. Be sure to use CCR mode for the main heat

13.3. Using the Valves to control a multi-head machine

EN7000 can be used with welding machines that have multiple welding heads. By assigning one of the EN7000s AV outputs, each head can be operated individually.



The weld air valve or WAV output is determined by the weld program.

- In the weld program, use the Valve parameters to select an output that will be used as the WAV
- 2. The WAV will become active when the Start input is active and will remain active until the end of the weld sequence unless programmed otherwise.

For example:

Program	WAV	Description
0	AV1	Program 0 uses AV1 as the WAV
1	AV2	Program 1 uses AV2 as the WAV
2	AV3	Program 2 uses AV3 as the WAV
3	AV4	Program 3 uses AV4 as the WAV

The diagram shows the operation in multi-gun mode:

Start input					
EOS output					
AV1 output					
AV2 output					
AV3 output					
AV4 output					
Program	#0	#1	#2	#3	
select Current		``			
(Program 0) Current					
(Program 1) Current					
(Program 2) Current			~ ~ ~		
(Program 3)					

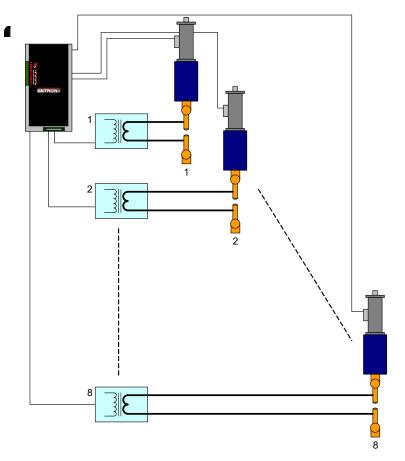
Start input				
	•			
EOS output				
AV1 output				
AV2 output				
AV3 output				
AV4 output				
Program select	First program #			
Current (Program 0)				
Current				
(Program 1)		~ ~ ~		
(Program 2)			VVV	
Current (Program 3)				

The operation is similar when the programs are linked together in multi-gun cascade mode:

The program select inputs select the first program in the cascade (0 in this example).

13.4. Controlling a multi-welder

A multi-welder can use different transformers for each welding head.



The welding heads can be controlled as described in the previous tutorial.

- 1. Choose the transformers that will be assigned to the electrodes. The procedure is described in the Multi-welding section.
- 2. Choose the weld programs that will be using the electrodes.

For example:

Electrode	SCR/Transformer	Description	
0	0		
1	0	Electrodes 0, 1 and 2 are assigned to transformer 0	
2	0		
3	1	Flootrodos 2 and 4 are assigned to transformer 1	
4	1	Electrodes 3 and 4 are assigned to transformer 1	
5	2	Electrode 5 is assigned to transformer 2	
6	3	Flactrades (and 7 are assigned to transformer 2	
7	3	Electrodes 6 and 7 are assigned to transformer 3	

The electrodes can then be assigned to weld programs:

Weld program	Electrode	Description	
0	0	Weld programs 0 and 1 are assigned to Electrode 0	
1	0	weld programs of and it are assigned to Electrode of	
2	1	Weld programs 2 and 3 are assigned to Electrode 1	
3	1	Weld programs z and 3 are assigned to Electrode T	
4	2	Weld programs 4 and 5 are assigned to Electrode 2	
5	2	Weld programs 4 and 5 are assigned to Electrode 2	
6	3	Weld programs 6 and 7 are assigned to Electrode 3	
7	3	Weld programs of and 7 are assigned to Electrode of	
8	4	Weld programs 8 and 9 are assigned to Electrode 4	
9	4	Weld programs of and 7 are assigned to Electrode 4	
10	5	Weld programs 10 and 11 are assigned to Electrode	
11	5	Weld programs to and that are assigned to Electrode o	
12	6	Weld programs 12 and 13 are assigned to Electrode 6	
13	6	Weid programs 12 and 13 die dssigned to Electrode 8	
14	7	Weld programs 14 and 15 are assigned to Electrode 7	
15	7	meia programs 14 ana 15 are assigned to Liechode 7	

By implication the transformers are used as follows:

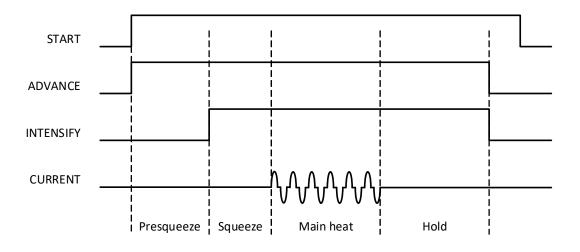
SCR/Transformer	Weld	Description
	programs	
0	0, 1, 2, 3,	Transformer 0 is used by weld programs 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and
	4, 5	5
1	6, 7, 8, 9	Transformer 1 is used by weld programs 6, 7, 8 and 9
2	10, 11	Transformer 2 is used by weld programs 10 and 11
3	12, 13,	Transformer 3 is used by weld programs 12, 13, 14 and
	14,15	15

13.5. Controlling an Air over oil system

An 'Air over Oil' system (also referred to as OHMA) uses compressed air to open and close the electrodes plus a hydraulic intensifier to apply the weld force. This type of system can easily be controlled by the EN7000 by making use of the programmable AUX valves feature.

- 1. Connect the air solenoid (ADVANCE) to the AV1(SV1) output (or whichever output you have programmed to provide the WAV function).
- 2. Connect the hydraulic solenoid (INTENSIFY) to the AV2(SV2) output (or whichever AUX output you wish to use).
- 3. In your welding schedule(s), set the *Presqueeze time* to suit the gun closure, and the *Squeeze time* to apply the force pre-weld. Now program the AUX valve chosen in step 2 to come on during all of the intervals which you are using (e.g. *Squeeze, Main heat, Hold*).

(-					
Edit cor	trol parameters			90	
	 # 				
Program	Electrode Electrode status Ca	alibrate Current Calibrate Force Configure	I/O Status COM ports Log		
Program	0 ≑	Link/Cascade	Softstart		
Inhib	it program 🔲		START		
Electrode	0 ÷ 🕨 🖊			Current	
		_			
	Aux valves (AVx)	Force	Timing	Pre-heat	
1 2	3 <mark>4 5 6 7 8</mark>		Presqueeze 35 - ~		
]	Squeeze 25 - ~		
				Main heat	
			Upslope 0 ~	PHA v mode	
] 0 lbf	Main heat 30 🔹 ~	Current 1.00 + kA Heat 0.0 +	96
				Monitor Off On	
]	Downslope 0 × ~	Post-heat	
		1	Hold 50 - ~		
			Hold SU ~		
v	VAV (Overrides AVx)	Force profile	Pulses 1 Main->C2		
		Wait for force at 2nd stage	Repeat mode		
		Test force at end of main heat		Low limit - 5 🔹 %	
		Low limit - 5 * %		High limit + 5 🗘 %	
		High limit + 5 🐳 %			



13.6. Setting the power factor

An AC welding machine will have a power factor which is determined by the physical properties and geometry of the electrical system. Linear control of the machine over the full heat/current range can be achieved by programming the correct value for the power factor.



The following procedure involves running the machine at maximum output. Make sure that the mains supply and the secondary circuit are able to handle this power. Make sure that any cooling system is active. The machine must be cycled short circuit with no component.

- 1. Prepare a weld program with 5 cycles of main heat plus Squeeze and Hold time as appropriate. Set PHA mode, 0 %heat. Connect this program to the electrode to be calibrated.
- 2. Select the connected electrode program and enter Power factor = 0.
- 3. Cycle the machine and check that a current is measured.
- 4. Set 99.9 %heat in the weld program.
- 5. Cycle the machine then check the status. When the message MAX CURRENT is displayed or when the conduction is close to 100% then the process is complete. Otherwise increase the power factor and repeat this step.

Repeat the procedure for each electrode program to be used.

13.7. Resetting Faults

Fault conditions and error messages can be reset in several ways.

13.7.1. Touch-screen

	Status			
LOW MAI		١T		
Pre-heat	0 A	Program	0	Tap the centre of any title bar to access the Status
Main heat	10.1 kA	Force	5.8 kN	menu then tap the error message
Post- heat	0 A	Conduction	30.5 %	

13.7.2. WSP3

LOW MAIN CURRENT	
0 A prog 0	
10.1 kA 5.80 kN	From the Diagnostic screen press
0 A ~30.5%	

13.7.3. NetFlash

Errors	Ŋ	
LOW MAIN CURRENT		Use to select the Metrics window then select the reset button

13.7.4. Discrete input

Input	Pin number	Description
Reset fault	X3.7	This input resets the Fault output and clears the
		status messages. Only momentary application is
		required (minimum time 40ms).

The discrete I/O is described in the I/O section.

13.7.5. Bus input

Input	Channel	Address	Description
Reset fault	Bit 6		This input resets the Fault output and clears the status messages. Only momentary application is required (minimum time 40ms).

The bus I/O is described in the Modbus section.

13.8. Setting the IP address

13.8.1. EN7000v2 and EN7000v2-TS

These models have an integrated Ethernet sub-system for Ethernet and EtherNet/IP communications on COM4, COM5 and COM6. The IP address may be set in the configuration with NetFlash, WSP3 or the touch-screen on the TS model.

13.8.2. EN7000 and EN7000-TS

If an EtherNet/IP adapter board has been fitted, then this has its own IP address (for COM4, COM5 and COM6) which can be set as shown above for the EN7000v2 and EN7000v2-TS.

The port on the main board uses a device server for Ethernet communications on COM0 and COM1. The device server is an xPort AR device, manufactured by Lantronix. To set the IP address of the main board port on EN7000 and EN7000-TS, use Lantronix DeviceInstaller software www.lantronix.com/products/deviceinstaller/

Note: This method also works for the EtherNet/IP adapter board (if fitted), EN7000v2 and EN7000v2-TS.

- Download the documentation and Device Installer software. Install the software.
- Follow the instructions in the documentation to search for all Lantronix devices on your network. Device Installer will show the EN7000 device server in the device list. The example shows an EN7000/xPort AR with a hardware address of 00-20-4A-D5-FB-7B:

🔎 Search 🛛 🤤 Exclude 🛛 🗞 Assign IP						
E - Lantronix Devices - 1 device(s)	Name	User Name	User Group	IP Address	Hardware Address	Status
E-cal Area Connection (192.168.0.36) xPort ⊕	🖄 xPort AR			<mark>19</mark> 2.168.0.112	00-20-4A-D5-FB-7B	Online

S Assign IP Address	22
	Assignment Method
	Would you like to specify the IP address or should the unit get its settings from a server out on the network?
1000	Obtain an IP address automatically
	Assign a specific IP address
	TCP/IP Tutorial
l l	
	< Back Next > Cancel Help

• Select the EN7000/xPort AR device then select Assign IP:

• Select 'Assign a specific IP address' and then select Next:

	IP Settings Please fill in the IP	address, subnet, and gate	way to assign the device.
600	it for accuracy. Inc	filled in automatically as yo correct values in any of the ur device to communicate, a	below fields can make it
M L AIL	IP address:	192.168.0.112	
	Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0	
	Default gateway	192.168.0.252	

• Enter the IP address, subnet mask and gateway then select Next:

📚 Assign IP Address		23
	Assignment Click the Assign button to complete the IP address assignment. Assign	
	< Back Finish Cancel Hel	p

• Select Assign to complete the assignment. Device Installer will show the progress of the operation.

S Assign IP Address		23
	Assignment Click the Assign button to complete the IP address assignment.	
•	Progress of task: Completed successfully. Finish Cancel He	q

• Select Finish to return to the main screen.

13.9. Updating the firmware

The functionality of EN7000 is determined by firmware stored in reprogrammable memory. EN7000 has three memories:

Memory	Description
А	Memory A
В	Memory B
BIOS	BIOS memory

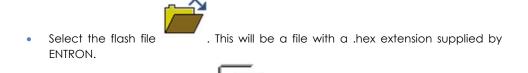
The firmware can be transferred to one or more of the memories and then activated when EN7000 starts. In this way it is possible to retain different firmwares and activate them without having to reprogram EN7000. When new features become available NetFlash is used to update the firmware.

• Initialise NetFlash and select the target EN7000 as described in the Tutorial section setting the IP address.

1	0	1	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	1	1
1	0	0	1	0	1
~	-	-	-	-	-

• Select the Flash Programming tool **0100111**. The following screen is shown:

Tash Programming	×
10110 Programming file C:\My Documents\NetFlash\EN7000.hex	





10110..

Select transfer to the EN7000 - Select a memory to re-program and NetFlash will transfer the flash file to the EN7000.



If required, select change the active memory **V**. NetFlash will mark the selected memory as active. When EN7000 restarts, the selected memory is copied internally and becomes active.

14. Terminology

Term	Description
CCR	Constant current regulation. See Constant Current.
Conduction	The % of the mains waveform during which current is flowing.
Constant current	Closed loop control of weld current resulting in the weld current being
	regulated to a programmed value.
CT	See Current transformer.
Current transformer	A coil of wire wound on a circular core. This is used to measure the current in a
	cable passing through the circular core. EN7000 can use a CT to measure
	primary current.
Cool time	The time between weld pulses.
Downslope	A linear decrease in current from the Main heat value to a final value.
Downslope time	Time taken for the welding current to decrease from the Main heat value to a
	final value. Expressed in mains cycles.
End of sequence	An output that switches on as the electrodes open on completion of a weld.
	The output indicates the end of the weld sequence.
EOS	See End of sequence.
HAV	Hi-lift Air Valve. See also Retract.
Heat	A measure of power put into a phase angle controlled (non- constant current)
	weld. The Heat relates directly to the firing angle on the mains voltage
	waveform. Expressed as a percentage.
Hold	The time between the last application of current and the electrodes opening.
	This interval allows the molten material created by the weld process to solidify.
Hold time	The time period following the last weld pulse prior to the electrodes opening.
	This period allows the molten material to solidify. Expressed in mains cycles.
IP address	Internet Protocol address. A unique address used by devices on an Ethernet
	network.
Initiation signal	The signal that starts the weld sequence. See also Start signal
kA	Kilo amp (1000 amps).
kVA	Unit of power (1000 volt amps).
mA	Milliamp (1/1000 amp).
mV	Millivolt (1/1000 volt).
Off time	In a Repeated weld sequence this is the time between sequences. Expressed
	in mains cycles.
PHA	See Phase angle control.
Phase angle control	Open loop control of weld current using Heat setting. The welding current is
i naso anglo connor	not regulated and can be influenced by external parameters such as mains
	voltage and cable lengths.
Post-heat	The application of current to prevent the weld cooling too quickly.
Pre-heat	The application of current prior to welding for the purpose of burning through
ino nour	plating or surface contamination.
Presqueeze	The time interval in a weld sequence for the electrodes to close onto the work
1103400020	piece.
Presqueeze time	The time allowed for the welding electrodes to close onto the components to
1103400020 11110	be welded. Expressed in mains cycles.
Primary current	The current in the primary winding of the weld transformer which is the current
contraint	drawn from the mains whilst welding.
Program select	A group of inputs representing the binary value of the weld program to be
riogram soloci	used.
Proportional valve	A device for regulating air-line pressure. Controlled by 0 to 10 V dc signal.
Pulsations	The number of times the Main heat interval is repeated during the sequence.
	Successive applications of Main heat are separated by Cool2 time.
Retract	The electrodes have two open positions: fully open to move the weld gun to
Nonder	and from the work piece, and a working position for welding.
Retract air valve	For use on a gun where the electrodes can be opened and closed in two
	stages. This is an electrically operated valve for admitting air to the air cylinder
	that controls the electrode movement.
2nd stage	A signal required to allow the weld sequence to proceed.
2nd stage	

SCR	See Thyristor.
Secondary current	The current in the secondary winding of the weld transformer which is the weld
	current.
Squeeze	The time interval in a weld sequence for the electrodes to exert full welding
	force on the work piece.
Squeeze time	The time allowed for the welding electrodes to build up full pressure on the
	components to be welded. Expressed in mains cycles.
Start signal	The signal that starts the weld sequence.
Stepper	A program of parameters required for stepping.
Stepping	A technique of progressively increasing the weld current over the course of a
	large number of welds in order to compensate for the effects of electrode
	wear.
Synchronisation	EN7000 is synchronised to the zero voltage crossing points of the mains supply.
Thermostat	A switch device that operates at a certain temperature.
Thyristor	High power switch used for switching the mains supply to the weld transformer.
Tip dress	An input to acknowledge that the electrodes have been dressed.
acknowledge	
Tip dress request	An output to indicate that the electrodes require dressing.
Tip dressing	Filing or machining worn electrodes to restore their original shape and
	dimensions.
Toroid	A device used for sensing current in a cable. The current carrying cable must
	pass through the toroid.
Upslope	A linear increase in current from an initial value to the Main heat value.
Upslope time	Time taken for current to increase from an initial value to the Main heat value.
	Expressed in mains cycles.
VA	Volt amp
WAV	See Weld air valve.
Weld air valve	Electrically controlled valve for admitting air to the air cylinder responsible for
	forcing the weld electrodes together.
Weld current	High current passed from one electrode to the other, through the
	components being welded. The current must be large enough to generate
	sufficient heat to melt the metal and produce a weld.
Weld transformer	Electrical component for converting mains voltage input to low voltage, high
	current output.

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